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**Dear Aspirants,
Total 135 out of 151 Questions
from TGPSC Group - 1
Main 2024 Overlapped with
our TGPSC Group - 1 Prelim
cum Main Classroom Coaching
& TGPSC Group - 1 Strategic
Revision for Mains &
Test Series**



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Visakhapatnam, Andhra Pradesh-530017



DETAILS OF QUESTIONS WHICH REFLECTED IN TGPSC GROUP - 1 MAIN EXAM 2024 FROM OUR TGPSC GROUP-1 PRELIM CUM MAIN CLASS ROOM COACHING AND STRATEGIC REVISION FOR MAINS & TEST SERIES

S.NO	SUBJECT	PAPER WISE QUESTION NOS	TOTAL COUNT
PAPER I	GENERAL ESSAY	SECTION - I 1 (A), 1 (B), 1 (C) SECTION - II 2 (B) SECTION - III 3 (A), 3 (B)	6 ESSAYS REFLECTED OUT OF 9 ESSAYS.
PAPER II	HISTORY, CULTURE AND GEOGRAPHY	SECTION - I 1, 2, 3 (A), 3 (B), 4 (A), 4 (B), 5 (A), 5(B) SECTION - II 6, 7, 8 (A), 8 (B), 9 (A), 9(B), 10 (A), 10 (B) SECTION - III 11, 12, 13 (A), 13 (B), 15 (A)	21 QUESTIONS REFLECTED OUT OF 24 QUESTIONS
PAPER III	INDIAN SOCIETY, CONSTITUTION AND GOVERNANCE	SECTION - I 2, 3 (A), 3 (B), 4 (A), 5(B) SECTION - II 6, 7, 8 (A), 8 (B), 9 (A), 9(B), 10 (A), 10 (B) SECTION - III 11, 12, 13 (A), 13 (B), 14 (A), 14 (B), 15 (A), 15 (B)	21 QUESTIONS REFLECTED OUT OF 24 QUESTIONS
PAPER IV	ECONOMY AND DEVELOPMENT	SECTION - I 1, 2, 3 (A), 3 (B), 4 (A), 4(B), 5(A), 5(B) SECTION - II 6, 7, 8 (A), 8 (B), 9 (A), 9(B), 10 (A), 10 (B) SECTION - III 11, 12, 13 (A), 13 (B), 14 (A), 14 (B), 15 (A)	23 QUESTIONS REFLECTED OUT OF 24 QUESTIONS



S.NO	SUBJECT	PAPER WISE QUESTION NOS	TOTAL COUNT
PAPER V	SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY & DATA INTERPRETATION	SECTION - I 1, 2, 3 (A), 3 (B), 4 (A), 4 (B), 5(B)	42 QUESTIONS REFLECTED OUT OF 46 QUESTIONS
		SECTION - II 6, 7, 8 (A), 8 (B), 9 (A), 9(B), 10 (A), 10 (B)	S & T 15 QUESTIONS REFLECTED OUT OF 16
		SECTION - III 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40	DI: 27 QUESTIONS REFLECTED OUT OF 30
PAPER IV	TELANGANA MOVEMENT AND STATE FORMATION	SECTION - I 1, 2, 3 (A), 3 (B), 4 (A), 4 (B), 5 (A), 5(B)	22 QUESTIONS REFLECTED OUT OF 24 QUESTIONS
		SECTION - II 6, 7, 8 (A), 8 (B), 9 (A), 9(B), 10 (A), 10 (B)	
		SECTION - III 11, 12, 13 (A), 13 (B), 14 (B), 15 (A)	

ALL 6 PAPERS
TOTAL: 135/151 QUESTIONS



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TGPSC GROUP-I

MAINS PAPER - I

6 OUT OF 9 ESSAYS

REFLECTED FROM OUR

TGPSC GROUP 1

CLASSROOM COACHING,

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PAPER I: Total Essays Reflected : 6 out of 9

- All 6 Essays Reflected are Direct.
- Section-I
 - (A)
 - (B)
 - (C)
- SECTION-II
 - (B)
- Section-III
 - (A)
 - (B)

This document does not provide complete Essay but only shows TGPSC group 1 2024 questions which overlapped with our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Strategic Revision for mains and test series.

This document does not provide full Essay but rather guidelines to aid in writing a well-structured essay. The points outlined here are not to be used in a bullet format in the essay but serve as building blocks with relevant subheadings. They are meant to guide your thought process and help you explore each theme systematically.

1.

TGPSC ESSAY:

SECTION - I/విభాగం - I

(A) Is economic development a panacea for overcoming social inequality ? Comment.
సామాజిక అసమానతలను అధిగమించడానికి ఆర్థికాభివృద్ధి పరిష్కారమా ? వ్యాఖ్యానించండి.

OR/లేదా

Essays from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

This is not a full model answer

ANECDOTE

In the heart of bustling Mumbai, amidst towering skyscrapers and busy streets, I met Rajesh, a young boy from a humble background. Despite facing daily hardships, Rajesh possessed an insatiable thirst for knowledge. Every evening, under a flickering streetlight, he gathered with other children to learn from a volunteer teacher. One rainy evening, soaked but undeterred, Rajesh took on the role of teacher himself, sharing his newfound knowledge with younger children.

This moment underlined the transformative power of education in bridging income inequality and poverty. Through Rajesh's determination and the community's commitment to learning, a path to a brighter future emerged from the shadows. His story illuminates how education empowers individuals and uplifts communities, offering a beacon of hope where once there was only struggle. Rajesh's journey serves as a powerful reminder that investment in education is not just an investment in individuals, but in the collective prosperity and resilience of society as a whole.

Income inequality and poverty are two of the most pressing issues facing societies worldwide. While income inequality refers to the uneven distribution of income among different

TGPSC Group-1

Mains Strategic Revision- Essay



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population groups, poverty is characterized by the lack of basic resources and opportunities necessary for a decent standard of living. These issues are not just economic but also deeply social and political, affecting the fabric of societies and the overall development of nations. In India and many parts of the world, the challenge lies not only in recognizing these disparities but also in effectively addressing them to create a more just and inclusive society.

Historical Background

Income inequality and poverty have historical roots that can be traced back to various socio-economic, political, and cultural factors.

- **Colonial Legacy:** In India, the British colonial rule significantly altered the economic and social structures, creating a legacy of inequality. The British economic policies focused on extracting resources, which led to the impoverishment of large sections of the population and the concentration of wealth among a few.
- **Post-Independence Era:** After gaining independence in 1947, India adopted a planned economic model aiming for industrialization and self-sufficiency. The government introduced land reforms, nationalized key industries, and implemented social welfare schemes to address poverty and inequality. However, the benefits of these policies were unevenly distributed.

3.

a. In recent years, how have economic growth patterns affected poverty, inequality and unemployment? Evaluate the interconnections between these economic indicators.

Answer:

Introduction:

Economic growth, poverty, inequality, and unemployment are deeply interconnected. While economic growth is often seen as a positive force that can lift people out of poverty and create jobs, its impact on inequality and unemployment can be complex and varied. In recent years, India has experienced significant economic growth, but the effects on poverty, inequality, and unemployment have been mixed.

Body:

Direct Essay:

- Can be answered easily

TGPSC ESSAY:

OR/లేదా

(B) 'The uneven development has led to the growth of regionalism in India.' Discuss.

12 'అసమాన అభివృద్ధి భారతదేశంలో ప్రాంతీయవాదం పెరుగుదలకు దారి తీసింది.' చర్చించండి.

Essays from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.



1. What are the causes of the growth of regionalism in India? Discuss the impact of regionalism.
Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the introduction, talk about the definition of regionalism.
- In the body, talk about the causes of growth of regionalism in India and also talk about the positive and negative impacts of regionalism.
- Conclude the answer by saying that inclusive development, and dialogue between regions and the central government are key to address the challenges posed by regionalism in India.

Direct Essay:

- Can be answered easily

3.

TGPSC ESSAY:

OR/లేదా

1. (C) 'In India the economic inequalities and regional disparities increased in the process of Liberalisation, Privatisation and Globalisation.' Discuss.
'భారతదేశంలో సరళీకరణ, ప్రయివేటీకరణ మరియు ప్రపంచీకరణ ప్రక్రియలో భాగంగా ఆర్థిక అసమానతలు మరియు ప్రాంతీయ వ్యత్యాసాలు పెరిగాయి.' చర్చించుము.

Essays from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

4. Discuss the salient features of Liberalisation, Privatisation and Globalisation.
What implications do these have for the Indian Economy?

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

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Contact : 70756 52127

TGPSC Group-1
Mains Strategic Revision- Indian Economy



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- In the Introduction, say that LPG are pivotal elements of economic reforms that have significantly influenced the trajectory of the Indian economy since the early 1990s .
- In the Body, talk about the salient features of LPG and its implications for the Indian Economy.
- Conclude the answer by saying that the LPG reforms have fundamentally transformed the Indian economy, positioning it as a key player in the global economic arena.

Direct Essay:

- Can be answered easily

4.

TGPSC ESSAY:

2. (8B) *Judi* **OR/లేదా**

Is judicial activism distorting separation of powers enshrined in the Indian Constitution ?
Critically examine citing relevant judicial pronouncements.

న్యాయపర క్రియాశీలత భారత రాజ్యాంగంలో పొందుపరిచిన అధికారాల విభజన నియమాలను వక్రీకరిస్తుందా ? సంబంధిత న్యాయ నిర్ణయాలను ఉటంకిస్తూ నిశితంగా పరిశీలించండి.

OR/లేదా

Essays from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

3. Discuss the concepts of judicial activism and Judicial overreach .Does Judicial activism lead to judicial overreach?and critically analyse about the use of judicial activism by the Indian judiciary.

Approach to the question:

In the Introduction,introduce about judicial activism

TGPSC Group-1
Mains Strategic Revision- POLITY



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In the body, Define judicial activism and judicial overreach,make Critical Analysis of Judicial Activism in India.

In the Conclusion:Summarize the key points.

Direct Essay:

- Can be answered easily

5.

TGPSC ESSAY:

SECTION - III/విభాగం - III

- (A) National Science, Technology and Innovation Policy has mandate to contribute in the vision of "Atmanirbhar Bharat". Elaborate the role of the policy with respect to making India as World's Technology and Service hub.

జాతీయ సైన్స్, టెక్నాలజీ మరియు అవిష్కరణ విధానం (Policy) "ఆత్మ నిర్భర్ భారత్" దృష్టి (vision) లో దోహద పడాలని అదేశము కలదు. భారతదేశాన్ని ప్రపంచ సాంకేతికత (technology) మరియు సేవా కేంద్రంగా మార్చడంలో ఈ విధానము పాత్ర గురించి వివరించండి.

Essays from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching,Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.



1. Trace the evolution of Science and Technology policies in India. Furnish a comparative analysis of the Science, Technology and Innovation policy of 2013 vis-a-vis the Science, Technology and Innovation policy of 2020.

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the **Introduction**, talk about the need to align and evolve STI policies as per the changing national priorities and global trends.
- In the **Body** talk about the Various policies from 1958 till 2020. Also provide a comparative analysis of 2013 Policy with that of 2020
- In the **Conclusion** talk about the aim of 2020 policy i.e., making India a Global leader in STI

Direct Essay:

- Can be answered easily

6.

TGPSC ESSAY:

OR/లేదా

3. (B) Elaborate the role of renewable energy in mitigation of climate change.

వాతావరణ మార్పులను తగ్గించడంలో పునరుత్పాదక ఇంధన పాత్రను వివరించండి.

OR/లేదా

Essays from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.



1. What are Renewable Energy Sources? What is the current state of Renewable power generation in India? What reasons support the call for further investment in the renewable energy sector?

Answer:

Approach to write the answer:

- Begin the answer by defining the Renewable Energy
 - In the body, talk about the current state of Renewable power generation and give reasons for supporting the call for investing in renewable power generation
 - Conclude by saying that continued investment in renewable power can pave the way for a sustainable and prosperous future.
-

15.

- a. Examine India's strategies and actions aimed at decarbonizing the economy and fighting global warming.

Answer:

Introduction:

The spectre of climate change looms large, casting a shadow over the globe and demanding urgent action. India, the world's third-largest emitter of greenhouse gases, finds itself at a crucial juncture. The nation is grappling with the formidable challenge of balancing its pressing developmental needs with the imperative to mitigate its carbon footprint. The delicate dance between economic growth and environmental sustainability necessitates a nuanced and comprehensive approach.

Body:

- I. India's strategies and actions aimed at decarbonizing the economy:** India's

15.

- a. **Examine the various measures India has adopted under the Paris Agreement to tackle the challenges of global warming and climate change.**

Answer:

Introduction:

India, despite being a developing nation with significant developmental needs, has shown a strong commitment to addressing global warming and climate change under the Paris Agreement. It has adopted a multi-pronged approach encompassing various sectors and initiatives to mitigate greenhouse gas emissions and adapt to the changing climate.

Body:

I. Key Measures:

A. Mitigation:

1. Renewable Energy Expansion:

- a) India has set an ambitious target of achieving 500 GW of non-fossil fuel-based energy capacity by 2030.
- b) It has made substantial progress in solar and wind energy deployment and is actively promoting other renewable sources like hydro and biomass.

2. Energy Efficiency:

- a) Various programs are being implemented to improve



Direct Essay:

- Can be answered easily
- Multiple questions have been asked on the renewable sector.



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- ❖ 40+ Questions in CSE Prelims 2024 from HIR classes and Tests

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- 1 GS + 1 CSAT Grand Test
- 5 Sectional + 3 Grand Tests after HIR course

Orientation Date

10th November
2024 >>>
Time : 10 AM

Course Start Date
20th November
2024 >>>

COURSEMODE- ONLINE/OFFLINE

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R.C. Reddy IAS Study Circle,
Himayath Nagar Campus.

GS by



>>> **Goutham sir**

(Cleared 6 CSE Prelims,
3 IFoS Prelims)

CSAT by



>>> **Surya Teja sir**

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TGPSC GROUP-I

MAINS PAPER - II

21 OUT OF 24 QUESTIONS

REFLECTED FROM OUR

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PAPER II: Total Questions Reflected : 21 out of 24

Indian History:

- Total Questions Reflected 8 out of 8
- Direct Questions 8 out of 8
- Questions 1,2,3(A)&(B),4(A)&(B),5(A)&(B)

Telangana History:

- Total Questions Reflected 8 out of 8
- Direct Questions 7 out of 8
- Questions 6,7,8(B),9(A)&(B),10(A)&(B)
- Partial Question: 1 Question {Question 8(A)}

Geography:

- Total Questions Reflected 5 out of 8
- Direct Questions 4 out of 8
- Questions 11,12,13(B),15(A)
- Partial Question: 1 Question {Question 13(A)}

This document does not provide complete model answers but only shows TGPSC group 1 2024 questions which overlapped with our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching , Strategic Revision for mains and test series .

1.

TGPSC Question:

SECTION - I/విభాగం - I

1. Analyse the Stylistic and Iconographic differences between Gandhara and Mathura schools of art.
గాంధార మరియు మథుర కళల మధ్య శైలికృత (Stylistic) మరియు దృశ్య చిత్రాల (Iconographic) వ్యత్యాసాలను విశ్లేషించండి.

4. Compare and critically analyse the Gandhara, Mathura, and Amaravati Schools of art, with a particular focus on the influence of the Indo-Greeks on the Gandhara School.

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that Artistic creativity is superbly manifested in the sculptures of Gandhara, Mathura and Amaravati schools.
- In the Body, talk about three schools of Gandhara, Mathura and Amaravati. Focus on the influence of **Indo-Greeks on the Gandhara School**.

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TGPSC Group-1
Mains Strategic Revision- History



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- Conclude the answer by saying that the 3 Schools of art each reflect unique regional, cultural, and historical contexts .

3.

- a. Review the emergence of different schools of art in the Indian subcontinent between the 2nd century BCE and the 3rd century CE. Explore the socio-religious factors that were pivotal in their development.

Answer:

Direct Question:

2.

TGPSC Question:

2. The major 19th Century tribal movements such as the Santhal Rebellion and the Munda Rebellion shaped the trajectory of Indian resistance against colonial rule. Discuss.

సంతాల్ తిరుగుబాటు మరియు ముండా తిరుగుబాటు వంటి 19వ శతాబ్దపు ప్రధాన గిరిజన ఉద్యమాలు వలసపాలనకు వ్యతిరేకంగా భారతీయ ప్రతిఘటన యొక్క మార్గాన్ని రూపొందించాయి. చర్చించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

2. Discuss the origins and character of major Tribal and Peasant revolts in British India. Were they backward looking in nature?

Answer:

Approach to Write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that tribal and peasant revolts in British India were significant expressions of discontent against colonial rule
- In the Body, talk about the origins and character of major Tribal and Peasant revolts in British India. Also talk about the nature of Tribal and Peasant revolts.
- Conclude the answer by saying that Tribal and peasant revolts in British India were complex phenomena that blended traditional grievances with modern aspirations

Direct Question:

- Question 2 and 4(A) asked in the exam are covered in a single question as attached above.
- look for Santhal and Munda rebellion in the model answer attached.

3.

a.

TGPSC Question:

- ✓3. (A) Buddhism and Jainism gained wide acceptance due to the then prevailing socio-economic conditions in India. Analyse.

బౌద్ధ మరియు జైన మతాలు భారతదేశంలో అప్పుడున్న సామాజిక ఆర్థిక పరిస్థితుల కారణంగా విస్తృత ఆమోదం పొందాయి. విశ్లేషించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

1. Discuss the various factors responsible for the emergence of new religious movements in the sixth century BCE.

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that the 6th century BCE was a period of significant religious and philosophical upheaval in the Indian subcontinent
- In the Body, talk about the various factors responsible for emergence of new religious movements in the sixth century BCE.
- Conclude the answer by saying that the emergence of new religious movements in the sixth century BCE was deeply intertwined with social and economic changes that reshaped ancient religious history.

Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

3. (B) Indo-Islamic architecture is marked by awe-inspiring fusion of Hindu, Persian and Provincial Styles. Discuss with examples.

ఇండో-ఇస్లామిక్ వాస్తుశిల్ప కళ హిందూ, పర్షియన్ మరియు ప్రాంతీయ శైలుల అద్భుత విస్మయ కలయిక. ఉదాహరణలతో చర్చించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

2. Discuss the contributions of Delhi Sultanate and Mughals to Language, Literature, Fine Arts, Monuments, Art and Architecture.

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that the Delhi Sultanate and the Mughal Empire were two significant periods in Indian history
- In the Body, talk about the contributions of Delhi Sultanate and Mughals to Language, Literature, Fine Arts, Monuments, Art and Architecture.
- Conclude the answer by saying that Delhi Sultanate and the Mughal Empire significantly enriched the cultural and artistic heritage of India.

Introduction:

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Mains Strategic Revision- History



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Direct Question:

- **Articulate the relevant points.**
 - **Indo Islamic Fusion in the answer.**
 - **Regional styles and traditions.**

4.

a.

TGPSC Question:

4. (A) The nature of British rule and colonial policies significantly altered after the 1857 revol
Discuss.

బ్రిటిషు పాలన స్వభావం మరియు వలసవాద విధానాలు 1857 తిరుగుబాటు తర్వాత గణనీయంగా మార
చెందాయి. చర్చించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

4. Discuss the various Causes and Consequences of the Great Revolt of 1857.

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that the Great Revolt of 1857 was a significant uprising against British colonial rule in India
- In the Body, talk about the various Causes and Consequences of the Great Revolt of 1857.
- Conclude the answer by saying that the causes of the Great Revolt of 1857 were multifaceted.

Direct Question:

- Focus on the consequences part.

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

4. (B) Peasants' concerns were integral to the issues raised by the struggle for Indian independence. Illustrate with reference to the Bardoli Satyagraha.

భారత స్వాతంత్ర్య పోరాటంలో లేవనెత్తిన సమస్యలలో రైతుల ఆందోళనలు ఒక సమగ్రమైన భాగం. బార్డోలీ సత్యాగ్రహాన్ని ఉదాహరిస్తూ వర్ణించుము.

C/ET

Q

2

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

2. Discuss the origins and character of major Tribal and Peasant revolts in British India. Were they backward looking in nature?

Answer:

Approach to Write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that tribal and peasant revolts in British India were significant expressions of discontent against colonial rule
- In the Body, talk about the origins and character of major Tribal and Peasant revolts in British India. Also talk about the nature of Tribal and Peasant revolts.
- Conclude the answer by saying that Tribal and peasant revolts in British India were complex phenomena that blended traditional grievances with modern aspirations

Direct Question:

- Question 2 and 4(A) asked in the exam are covered in a single question as attached above.
- look for Bardoli in the model answer attached.

5.

a.

TGPSC Question:

5. (A) 'Commercialisation of agriculture did not lead to improved technology in 19th century colonial India.' Examine.

19 వ శతాబ్దం పలనవాద భారతదేశంలో వ్యవసాయ వాణిజ్యీకరణ మైరుగైన సాంకేతికతకు దారి తీయలేదు. పరీక్షించుము.

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Value Addition:

The commercialization of Indian agriculture by the British in the 19th century

It was a transformative process that altered the traditional agrarian economy of India.

This shift was driven by the British colonial government's policies and economic interests which include:-

1. Introduction of Cash Crops:

- a. The British promoted the cultivation of cash crops like cotton, jute, indigo, tea, coffee, and opium over traditional food crops.

Direct Question:

- Covered extensively in Value Addition.

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

5. (B) Discuss the ideological differences between Gandhi and Ambedkar on Socio-Political issues and how the Poona Pact of 1932 showed the way.

సామాజిక-రాజకీయ సమస్యలపై గాంధీ మరియు అంబేద్కర్ల మధ్య సైద్ధాంతిక విభేదాలను చర్చించుము మరియు 1932 పూనా ఒప్పందం ఏ విధంగా మార్గం చూపించింది.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

5.

- a. Comment upon the contending visions of Mahatma Gandhi and B.R. Ambedkar regarding the status and upliftment of the depressed classes.

Answer:

Introduction:

Mahatma Gandhi and B.R. Ambedkar, two towering figures in India's struggle for independence, held contrasting visions on the status and upliftment of the depressed classes, a historically marginalised and oppressed group within Indian society. Their differing perspectives stemmed from their distinct backgrounds, ideologies, and approaches to social change.



Direct Question:

- There is clash of vision's/ideologies in the RTC's and Communal Award
- Poona Pact is shown as a way out in the answer.

6.

TGPSC Question:

SECTION - II/విభాగం - II

6. ✓ Examine how the Qutub Shahi rulers laid the foundations for the emergence of composite culture in Golconda. Elucidate with specific examples.

గోల్కొండలో మిశ్రమ సంస్కృతి ఆవిర్భవించడానికి కుతుబ్ షాహీ పాలకులు ఏ విధంగా పునాది వేశారో పరిశీలించుము. స్పష్టమైన ఉదాహరణలతో వివరించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

4. Explore the factors responsible for the development of composite culture in India and Deccan by highlighting their interplay and impact.

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that the development of composite culture in Deccan and India was shaped by a complex interplay of historical, social, religious, and political factors
- In the Body, talk about the Factors Responsible for Composite Culture in Deccan and India. Also talk about Impact and Legacy of Composite Culture
- Conclude the answer by saying that the spirit of synthesis of mutual harmony led to the growth of composite culture which was neither purely Hindu nor Muslim but a happy blend of the best elements of both.

8.

A. Examine the literary patronage and support extended by the Qutub Shahi rulers to the Telugu language. Discuss the measures taken to promote the use of Telugu in administration, education, and court proceedings, and their long-term implications

Direct Question:

- Composite Culture in Deccan was covered in Indian History.
- Using the same points add facts and examples from the Qutub Shahis.

7.

TGPSC Question:

7. "Though Telangana Peasants' Armed struggle was deemed to be the result of local causative factors, its ramifications were of national significance". Justify.

"స్థానిక కారణాల ఫలితంగా తెలంగాణ రైతాంగ సాయుధ పోరాటం జరిగినప్పటికీ దాని పర్యవసానాలు జాతీయ ప్రాముఖ్యత వహించినవి" - సమర్థించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

3. Analyze the socio-political factors that led to the initiation of the Telangana Peasants' Armed Struggle. Discuss the consequences of the struggle.

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly write about the Telangana Peasants' Armed Struggle
- In the body, mention the socio-political factors that led to the initiation of the Telangana Peasants' Armed Struggle.
- Conclude by mentioning the significance of this struggle in the course of Telangana history.

Introduction:



2. Critically assess the role of women in the Telangana Peasants' Armed Struggle. How did their participation influence the movement and subsequent gender dynamics in rural Telangana?

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, write about the Telangana Peasants' Armed Struggle and participation of women in the struggle.
- In the body, talk about the specific roles and contributions of women. Analyze the impact of their participation on the movement's success, and discuss the long-term effects on gender dynamics in rural Telangana.
- Conclude the answer by mention the significance of women participation in the struggle.

10.

a. Give a detailed account on Telangana Peasants Armed Struggle

Answer:

Introduction:

Direct Question:

8.

a.

TGPSC Question:

8. (A) Analyse the way in which the social and cultural life of the people evolved under Satavahanas and Ikshvakus.

శాతవాహనుల మరియు ఇక్ష్వాకుల కాలంలో ప్రజల సామాజిక మరియు సాంస్కృతిక జీవనం పరిణామం చెందిన విధానాన్ని విశ్లేషించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

8.

- a. **Examine socio-cultural conditions of Satavahanas and give a detailed account on their contribution to Art and Architecture.**

Answer:

Introduction:

Satavahanas- the First Empire in the Deccan region majorly experienced a progressive society and composite culture. Through their valuable patronage

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Partial Question:

- Only Satvahanas are covered.

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

8. (B) "The Sammakka and Saralamma Jatara besides its established ritualistic practices, has been a powerful testimony to the tribal identity". Comment.

"ఎంతో కాలంగా పాటిస్తున్న ఆచారాలు ఆచరణలో పెట్టడమే గాకుండా, సమృద్ధి - సొరలమ్మ జాతర గిరిజనుల గుర్తింపుకు ఒక బలమైన సాక్ష్యం" - వ్యాఖ్యానించుము.

C/ET

Q

3

RT.O.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.



1. Describe the protest led by Sammakka and Sarakka against the Kakatiyas. Discuss the impact of the Sammakka-Sarakka revolt on the Kakatiya rule.

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about the tribal leaders, Sammakka and Sarakka and their time period.
- In the body, explain the protest led by these tribal leaders against the Kakatiya rulers and associated events. Also mention how this protest impacted Kakatiya dynasty.
- Conclude by mentioning the significance of this event in the Telangana socio-cultural fabric.

Direct Question:

9.

a.

TGPSC Question:

9. (A) In the mid 19th century when British colonialism was at its height, how did Salar Jung as the Diwan of Hyderabad State played a dual role by appeasing the British on one side, and furthering the interests of the State, on the other?

ప్రిడిషు వలన పాలనా కాలం ఉన్న దశలో ఉన్న 19వ శతాబ్దం మధ్య భాగంలో హైదరాబాదు దివాన్‌గా సాలార్ జుంగ్ ఒక ప్రక్క ప్రిడిషు వారిని మెప్పిస్తూ, ఇంకొక ప్రక్క రాజ్య హక్కులను కాపాడుతూ ద్వి పాత్రను ఎలా పోషించాడు ?

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

1. Analyse the administrative reforms introduced by Salar Jung-I. How did these reforms contribute to the modernization of Hyderabad princely state?

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, talk about the Salar Jung and the administrative reforms undertaken by him.
- In the body, explain the administrative reforms introduced by Salar Jung and also mention the impacts associated with these reforms. Further, explain the role of these reforms in modernization of Hyderabad princely state.
- Conclude by mentioning the impact left these reforms on the Hyderabad state i.e. Telangana region

6. "Reforms of SalarJung led to the Renaissance of Modern Hyderabad."
Comment.

Answer:

Introduction:

SalarJung who served as Prime Minister or Diwan under three Nizams between 1853 to 1883, introduced many reforms as de-facto ruler – politically; economically and socio-culturally. All these led to "re-birth of Hyderabad" which ultimately contributed in maintaining vibrant and unique Hyderabad culture. It also drove Hyderabad to become one of the richest Princely states in Indian sub-continent. However, in long run – few of these reforms had some repercussions such as Mulkis and Non-Mulkis issue.

Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

9. (B) How was the growth and development of modern industries in Hyderabad State under the VI and VII Nizams intimately linked to the select social elite ?

ఆరవ మరియు ఏడవ నిజాంల కాలంలో అభివృద్ధి చెందిన సూతన పరిశ్రమలు ఏ విధంగా సామాజిక ఉన్నత వర్గంతో సన్నిహిత సంబంధం కలిగి ఉండేవి ?

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching,Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

4. Assess the reforms that took place in Hyderabad state during the rule of the sixth Nizam. Evaluate the growth of industries and railways in Hyderabad during this period.

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about the sixth Nizam and his time period.
- In the body, explain the development that took place in Hyderabad during his rule. And also evaluate the establishment and growth of industries and railways in his reign.
- Conclude by mentioning the developments that took place in his reign and their impacts in the long run.

- A. Examine the industrial development in Hyderabad state under the rule of Mir Osman Ali Khan. How did the establishment of various industries influence the economic growth of the state?

Direct Question:

10.

a.

TGPSC Question:

10. (A) To what extent the Dalit movement in Hyderabad State strived for social upliftment and inculcate political consciousness ?

హైదరాబాదు రాజ్యంలో దళిత ఉద్యమం ఏ మేరకు సామాజికోద్ధరణ మరియు రాజకీయ చైతన్యాన్ని కల్పించ గలిగింది ?

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

2. Bhagya Reddy Varma, a prominent Dalit leader, played a crucial role in social reform movements in Telangana. In this context, throw light on his contributions towards Dalit upliftment in Telangana.

Approach to write the Answer:

TGPSC Group-1
Mains Strategic Revision- Telangana History



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- In introduction, write about the Bhagya Reddy Varma, highlighting his contributions in few words
- In the body, justify the given statement by discussing the role of Bhagya Reddy Varma in social reform movements in Telangana. And mention his contributions towards Dalit upliftment in Telangana.
- Conclude the answer by highlighting the impact of his contributions on Telangana society and culture.

Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

10. (B) Assess the way Hyderabad State Congress under Swami Ramanand Tirtha chartered a course of action to transform the state from autocracy to integration.

స్వామి రామానంద తీర్థ హైదరాబాదు స్టేట్ కాంగ్రెస్ ద్వారా రాజ్యాన్ని నిరంకుశత్వం నుండి ఏకీకరణ దిశగా పరివర్తన చేసేటందుకు రూపొందించిన ప్రణాళికను అంచనా వేయుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

4. Discuss the role of Hyderabad State Congress in the integration of Hyderabad into the Indian Union. In this context, examine the importance of 'Join India Campaign'.

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, write about the formation of Hyderabad State Congress and its prominence
- In the body, explain role played by Hyderabad State Congress in the integration of Hyderabad into the Indian Union. Also write points on the importance of 'Join India Campaign' towards this goal.
- Conclude by mentioning the achievements of Hyderabad State Congress

Direct Question:

11.

TGPSC Question:

SECTION - III/విభాగం - III

11. 'Strategies for management of rapid urban growth contribute to National and Regional economic growth'. Justify in the context of India's Smart City Mission.

వేగవంతమైన పట్టణ వృద్ధి నిర్వహణ వ్యూహాలు జాతీయ మరియు ప్రాంతీయ ఆర్థిక అభివృద్ధికి దోహదపడతాయి ? భారత స్మార్ట్ సిటీ మిషన్ నేపథ్యంలో దీనిని సమర్థించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

2. Discuss various problems associated with urban growth in India. What policies have been implemented to manage these problems? How can Smart Cities initiative be able to address the challenges of urbanization?

Introduction:

Urbanization is the process by which large numbers of people become permanently concentrated in relatively small areas, forming cities. According to the Census of India 2011,

Direct Question:

12.

TGPSC Question:

12. Critically examine the impact of climate change on dry land agriculture in Telangana and suggest climate-resilient technologies to protect rain-fed cropping systems.

తెలంగాణ రాష్ట్రంలోని మెట్ట ప్రాంత వ్యవసాయంపై వాతావరణ మార్పుల ప్రభావాన్ని విమర్శనాత్మకంగా పరిశీలించండి మరియు వర్షాధార పంటల వ్యవస్థలను రక్షించడానికి వాతావరణ మార్పులకు తట్టుకొనే సాంకేతిక పరిష్కారాలను సూచించండి.

C/ET

Q

4

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

6. What are the main challenges of dry land agriculture in Telangana? Suggest innovative measures to improve productivity and livelihoods in the region.

Answer:

Introduction:

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Direct Question:

- **This was covered in a test on Telangana economy section.**

13.

a.

TGPSC Question:

13. (A) Explain in detail the influence of locational aspects of Himalayas and Tibetan Plateau in the mechanism of Monsoons in India.

భారతదేశపు రుతుపవనాల నిర్మాణంలో, హిమాలయాలు మరియు టిబెట్ పీఠభూమి యొక్క స్థాన అంశాల ప్రభావాన్ని వివరించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

4. Discuss the significance of the Himalayas in shaping the climate, biodiversity, and cultural diversity of the Indian subcontinent.

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Mains Strategic Revision- Geography



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Partial Question:

- **Only Himalayas is covered by us.**

b.

TGPSC Question:

13. (B) OR/లేదా
- Assess the significance of mission Kakatiya programme of Telangana focussing clearly on its objectives target beneficiaries and benefits.
- తెలంగాణా 'మిషన్ కాకతీయ' కార్యక్రమము ముఖ్య ప్రాముఖ్యత దాని లక్ష్యాలు, లబ్ధిదారులు మరియు ప్రయోజనాల దృష్ట్యా మదింపు చేయుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

4. Discuss the key objectives and goals of the Mission Kakatiya scheme. Evaluate the impact of Mission Kakatiya on water resources and irrigation in Telangana? What were the limitations encountered during implementation of the scheme?

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about the Mission Kakatiya and its primary objective.
- In the body, talk about the key objectives and goals of the Mission Kakatiya scheme. Mention the impact of Mission Kakatiya on water resources and irrigation in Telangana. And also, write the limitations encountered during implementation of the scheme
- Conclude by briefly highlighting the significance of the scheme

Introduction:

Mission Kakatiya, launched in 2014 by the Telangana government, is a flagship program aimed at restoring minor irrigation tanks across the state to address water scarcity in

Direct Question:

14.

15.

a.

TGPSC Question:

15. (A) "The key to Hyderabad's rapid economic growth is affordable and efficient Public transportation in the city". Elaborate.

"హైదరాబాద్ యొక్క వేగవంతమైన ఆర్థికాభివృద్ధికి కీలకం నగరంలో సరసమైన, సమర్థవంతమైన ప్రజా రవాణా వ్యవస్థ". విశదీకరించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

15.

- A. Analyze the impact of the Hyderabad Metro Rail expansion on urban transportation, socio-economic development, and environmental sustainability.



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27668513, 27612673
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95734 62587.**

Ashok Nagar Branch Address:

**R.C.Reddy IAS Study Circle,
Opp. Sub- Register Office,
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10th November
2024 >>>
Time : 10 AM

Course Start Date

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GS by



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TGPSC GROUP-I

MAINS PAPER - III

**21 OUT OF 24 QUESTIONS
REFLECTED FROM OUR
TGPSC GROUP 1
CLASSROOM COACHING,
STRATEGIC REVISION FOR
MAINS, AND TEST SERIES**

 **040-23228513 / 27612673 / 27668513 / 9346882593 / 9573462587**

OUR BRANCHES

ASHOKNAGAR

Opp. Sub-Registrar Office, Gandhi-
nagar Road, Ashoknagar cross
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HIMAYATHNAGAR

Opp. Telangana Tourism Development
Corporation, Near Telugu Academy,
Himayatnagar, Hyderabad-500029

VISAKHAPATNAM

Vuda Complex, 2nd & 3rd floor, 2, MVP Main
Rd, Sector 7, MVP Colony,
Visakhapatnam, Andhra Pradesh-530017

PAPER III: Total Questions Reflected : 21 out of 24

Society:

- **Total Questions Reflected 5 out of 8**
- **Direct Questions : 4 out of 8**
- **Questions 2,3(A),4(A),5(B)**
- **Partial Question: Question 3(B)**

Constitution & Polity:

- **Total Questions Reflected 8 out of 8**
- **Direct Questions : 7 out of 8**
- **Questions 6,7,8(B),9(A)&(B),10(A)&(B)**
- **Partial Question: Question 8(A)**

Governance:

- **Total Questions Reflected 8 out of 8**
- **Direct Questions : 7 out of 8**
- **Questions 11,12,13(A)&(B),14(A),15(A)&(B)**
- **Partial Question : Question 14(B)**

This document does not provide complete model answers but only shows TGPSC group 1 2024 questions which overlapped with our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching , Strategic Revision for mains and test series .

1.

TGPSC Question:

SECTION - I/విభాగం - I

1. Is caste withering away in urban India ? Substantiate your argument with suitable examples.
భారతదేశంలోని పట్టణ ప్రాంతాలలో కులం అంతరించి పోతుందా ? తగిన ఉదాహరణలతో మీ వాదనను సమర్థించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching,Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

Not Reflected

2.

TGPSC Question:

2. Policy on Education is essential for Nation's growth. Discuss how the National Education Policy, 2020 can be implemented to meet the requirements of education in India.

దేశాభివృద్ధికి విద్యావిధానం చాలా అవసరం. భారతదేశంలో విద్య అవసరాలను తీర్చడానికి జాతీయ విద్యావిధానం 2020 ని ఎలా అమలు చేయవచ్చో చర్చించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching,Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

2. Discuss the salient features of the New Education Policy(NEP),2020. How effective has been the implementation of it in Higher Education?

Answer:

Approach to write the answer:

- In the Introduction talk about the basics of the New Education Policy (NEP) 2020.
- In the Body, talk about the salient aspects of the New Education Policy (NEP) 2020. Also talk about the effectiveness of the New Education Policy (NEP) 2020
- Conclude the answer by saying that the New Education Policy 2020 introduces a comprehensive framework aimed at transforming the Indian education system.

Direct Question:

- By linking NEP to nation's growth this can be answered.

3.

a.

TGPSC Question:

3. (A) Discuss briefly the nature and types of social exclusion that persist among the vulnerable groups in India.

భారతదేశంలో దుర్బల వర్గాల (Vulnerable Groups) పట్ల కొనసాగుతున్న సామాజిక అసమీకృతం (social exclusion) యొక్క స్వభావం మరియు రకాలను చర్చించండి.

OR/లేదా

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching,Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

- b. Critically evaluate the effectiveness of government of India policies aimed at uplifting Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in combating social exclusion and marginalization.**

Answer:

Introduction:

The Government of India has implemented various policies and programs aimed at the social and economic upliftment of Scheduled Castes (SCs) and Scheduled Tribes (STs) to address historical injustices, social exclusion, and marginalization. While these measures have had significant positive impacts, several challenges and limitations persist in their effective implementation.

TGPSC Group-1
Mains Strategic Revision- Society



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- 1. what are the limitations of implementing welfare schemes for vulnerable sections?
discuss the measures to overcome those limitations.**

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the introduction, talk about the vulnerable sections.
- In the body, talk about the Limitations of welfare schemes implementation and also talk about measures to improve the implementation.
- Conclude the answer by saying that welfare programs can truly uplift the marginalized, fostering inclusive growth and social equity.

- 3. Discuss the various forms of social exclusion faced by women in India.**

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the introduction, talk about the social exclusion
- In the body, talk about the various forms of Social Exclusion Faced by Women in India.
- Conclude the answer by saying that Comprehensive policies and effective implementation are essential for creating a more inclusive society for all women in India



2. What are the distinctive features of tribes in India? Discuss the major challenges faced by tribal communities in the country.

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the introduction, talk about basic features of tribes in India
- In the body, talk about distinctive features of tribes in India. Also talk about challenges faced by tribes.
- Conclude the answer by saying that a multifaceted approach that respects their autonomy, ensures their rights, and fosters sustainable development is required to address the issues.

Direct Question:

- **Multiple questions attached.**

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

3. (B) Critically examine different models of secularism in India.

భారతదేశంలో లౌకికవాదం యొక్క విభిన్న నమూనాలను విమర్శనాత్మకంగా పరిశీలించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

3. Explain the difference of Indian secularism from Western models. What are the unique challenges it faces in a religiously diverse society like India?

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the introduction, talk about the definition of secularism
- In the body, talk about the difference between Indian secularism and western secularism and challenges faced by the Indian secularism

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TGPSC Group-1
Mains Strategic Revision- Society



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- Conclude the answer by mentioning the government's role in upholding secular values.

4. Secularism is a foundational principle of Indian democracy, and India as a nation can thrive only being a secular state. Explain.

Answer:

In the **Introduction**, Define secularism in the context of the Indian Constitution. State the importance of secularism as a foundational principle of Indian democracy.



IAS STUDY CIRCLE

Partial Question:

4.

a.

TGPSC Question:

4. (A) Analyse briefly various schemes initiated by the Centre and State Governments for the welfare of senior citizens.

వయోవృద్ధుల సంక్షేమం కొరకు కేంద్ర, రాష్ట్ర ప్రభుత్వాలు చేపట్టిన వివిధ పథకాలను క్లుప్తంగా విశ్లేషించండి.

OR/లేదా

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

2. Examine the multifaceted challenges faced by India's elderly population in light of the projected demographic shift by 2050. Discuss the welfare schemes and programs aimed at addressing these issues.

Page | 3

Indian Society,
Constitution & Governance

TGPSC Group-1
Mains Test Series -Test-III Model Answers



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Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

4. (B) Ayushman Bharat Digital Mission aims to create a robust digital health eco-system and enhance health service delivery. Comment.
ఆయుష్మాన్ భారత్ డిజిటల్ మిషన్ పటిష్ఠమైన డిజిటల్ హెల్త్ ఎకో-సిస్టమ్ను రూపొందించడం మరియు ఆరోగ్య సేవలు అందించడం లక్ష్యంగా పెట్టుకుంది. వ్యాఖ్యానించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

Not reflected:

5.

a.

TGPSC Question:

5. (A) Analyse migration due to marriage in the context of socio-economic changes occurring in contemporary India.
సమకాలీన భారతదేశంలో జరుగుతున్న సామాజిక ఆర్థిక మార్పుల నేపథ్యంలో వివాహం కారణంగా జరిగే వలసలను విశ్లేషించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

Not reflected:

b.

TGPSC Question:

5. (B) 'The resistance of farmer unions of Telangana against vetti and other exploitative conditions led to Telangana Peasant Movement of 1944-51'. Discuss.
'పెట్టి మరియు ఇతర దోపిడీ పరిస్థితులకు తెలంగాణ రైతు సంఘాలు చూపిన వ్యతిరేకత 1944-51 మధ్య జరిగిన తెలంగాణ రైతాంగ ఉద్యమానికి దారి తీసాయి'. చర్చించండి.

D/ET

Q

2

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

4. What were the primary causes that led to the Telangana Peasants Armed Struggle? Analyse the response of the Hyderabad State Government to the Telangana Peasants' Armed Struggle.

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the introduction, talk about Telangana Peasants Armed Struggle.
- In the body, talk about the various causes of Telangana Peasants Armed Struggle and also talk about the response of the government against armed struggle.
- Conclude the answer by saying that intervention from the Indian central government resolved the conflict with more meaningful reforms.

3. Discuss the four distinct phases of Telangana Peasants Armed Struggle in detail.

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the introduction, talk about the Telangana Peasants armed struggle.
- In the body, talk about four phases of the armed struggle.



- Conclude the answer by saying that those libraries played a pivotal role in spreading ideas of freedom, democracy, and social reform.



Group-I Mains
Paper-III:
Indian Society, Constitution and Governance.
Model Answers
Time: 3 hours
Marks: 150

Section-I (5 x 10 = 50 Marks)
Indian Society, Structure, Issues and Social Movements

1. Discuss the significance of social movements in Telangana's history, particularly focusing on the role of the Telangana Armed Struggle and subsequent social movements

3. Analyze the socio-political factors that led to the initiation of the Telangana Peasants' Armed Struggle. Discuss the consequences of the struggle.

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly write about the Telangana Peasants' Armed Struggle
- In the body, mention the socio-political factors that led to the initiation of the Telangana Peasants' Armed Struggle.
- Conclude by mentioning the significance of this struggle in the course of Telangana history.

Direct Question:

6.

TGPSC Question:

SECTION - II/విభాగం - II

6. Analyse Judicial activism vis-a-vis Judicial overreach in the context of democracy.

ప్రజాస్వామ్యంలో న్యాయపరమైన అతివ్యాప్తితో న్యాయపరమైన క్రియాశీలతను విశ్లేషించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

3. Discuss the concepts of judicial activism and Judicial overreach .Does Judicial activism lead to judicial overreach?and critically analyse about the use of judicial activism by the Indian judiciary.

Approach to the question:

In the Introduction,introduce about judicial activism

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TGPSC Group-1
Mains Strategic Revision- POLITY



In the body, Define judicial activism and judicial overreach,make Critical Analysis of Judicial Activism in India.

In the Conclusion:Summarize the key points.

Direct Question:

7.

TGPSC Question:

7. Discuss the effectiveness of India's Welfare schemes in promoting Social Justice.

సామాజిక న్యాయాన్ని పెంపొందించడంలో భారతదేశ సంక్షేమ పథకాల ప్రభావాన్ని వివరించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching,Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.



1. Evaluate the performance of major Poverty Alleviation programs in India.

Discuss why political will is crucial for their success?

Answer:

Approach to write the answer:

- In the Introduction, say that poverty alleviation has been a central focus of India's development agenda since independence
- In the Body, talk about the various major poverty alleviation programs and their Performance. Also give reasons as to why political will is crucial for their success.
- Conclude the answer by saying that political will is crucial for the success of these programs, as it ensures effective policy formulation and adequate resource allocation.

3. Analyse the issues and difficulties encountered by District Administration as the primary unit of governance responsible for executing government schemes and programmes.

Answer:

Approach to Write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that the District administration serves as the primary unit of governance in India.
- In the Body, talk about the administrative, operational, financial, and socio-political challenges faced by the district administration in implementation of schemes and programmes.



- Conclude the answer by saying that the district administration is pivotal in executing government schemes and programmes, yet it faces significant challenges

Direct Question:

- This and 15(B) can be answered by the same questions attached above.

8.

a.

TGPSC Question:

8. (A) "Although borrowed from different sources, Indian Constitution is a unique document". Critically examine.

"భారత రాజ్యాంగం వివిధ మూలాలనుండి సంగ్రహించబడినప్పటికీ, అది ఒక అద్వితీయ ప్రతి" - విమర్శనాత్మకంగా పరిశీలింపుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

3. Discuss the salient features of the Indian constitution.

Approach to the question:

In the introduction, write about the constitution as a living document.

In the body, write about the salient features of the Indian constitution.

In the conclusion, summarize mentioning about the faith in the constitution.

Partial Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

8. (B) 'The principle of Natural Justice play a significant role in adjudication of cases in administrative tribunals' - Comment.

'అడ్మినిస్ట్రేటివ్ ట్రిబ్యూనల్ కేసుల తీర్పులలో సహజ న్యాయ సూత్రం ప్రముఖ పాత్ర పోషిస్తుంది' - వ్యాఖ్యానించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

4.To what extent do you agree with the perspective that tribunals limit the jurisdiction of ordinary courts? Considering this viewpoint, examine the constitutional validity and competence of tribunals in India.

Approach to the question:

In the Introduction: Introduce the role of tribunals and their relationship with ordinary courts.

In the body, Definition and Purpose of Tribunal, write your perspective on Tribunals Limiting Jurisdiction of Ordinary Courts:

In the Conclusion, Summarize the extent to which tribunals limit the jurisdiction of ordinary courts.



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INTRODUCTION:

Direct Question:

9.

a.

TGPSC Question:

9. (A) 'The powers of the Parliament to amend the Constitution of India is limited'. Examine with examples.

'భారత రాజ్యాంగ సవరణకు పార్లమెంటుకు గల అధికారాలు పరిమితమైనవి' - ఉదాహరణల సహితంగా పరిశీలింపుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.



7. Explain the difference between Parliamentary Supremacy and Parliamentary Sovereignty. Do you think that the Indian Parliament has unlimited power to amend the Constitution or is it subject to any inherent limitations?

Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

9. (B) 'Inter-state water disputes are great challenge to Indian federal system.' Analyse.
'అంతర్-రాష్ట్ర జల వివాదాలు భారత సమూహ్యకు ఒక పెను సవాలు'. విశ్లేషించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

Discuss the primary causes of river water disputes in India. How the recent amendments proposed to the Inter-State River water disputes act, 1956 provides for the adjudication disputes relating to waters of Inter-state rivers and river valleys?

Approach to the question:

In the Introduction, briefly mention about interstate water disputes and Article 262

In the Body, write about the interstate water disputes act 1956 and recent amendments to the Act.

In the Conclusion, summarize how adjudicating these disputes require robust mechanisms and interstate collaboration.

B. Discuss the institutional framework to resolve the issues and challenges pertaining to the federal structure in India.

Answer:

Introduction:

Direct Question:

10.

a.

TGPSC Question:

10. (A) 'Indian Constitution promotes rule of law'. Examine in the light of constitutional provisions.
'భారత రాజ్యాంగం చట్ట పాలనను ప్రోత్సహిస్తుంది'. రాజ్యాంగ నిబంధనల ప్రకారం పరిశీలించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

4.What is meant by 'rule of law'? State the amplitude of it in the Indian Constitution by citing relevant provisions.

Answer:

Introduction:

The 'rule of law' is a foundational principle in democratic governance, implying that all individuals and institutions, including the government, are subject to and accountable under the law.

Body:

Key tenets of rule of law:

It encompasses several key tenets:

1. Supremacy of Law:

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Mains Strategic Revision- POLITY



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Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

10. (B) 'Article 21 of the Indian Constitution facilitates the expansion of the scope of Fundamental Rights'. Comment.

'భారత రాజ్యాంగంలోని 21వ ప్రకరణ, ప్రాథమిక హక్కుల పరిధిని విస్తరింపజేస్తుంది' - వ్యాఖ్యానించుము.

D/ET



3

P.T.O.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching,Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

2.The expanding horizons of Fundamental Rights in India reflect a dynamic and progressive judicial interpretation. Discuss with examples how the Supreme Court of India has expanded the scope of Fundamental Rights under Article 21 through its judgments.

Approach to answer the question:

In the Introduction, Briefly introduce Article 21 of the Indian Constitution, which guarantees the right to life and personal liberty.

In the body, Discuss the original intent and scope of Article 21 as envisaged by the framers of the Constitution then Expansion to New Dimensions

In the Conclusion, Summarize how the Supreme Court's proactive and progressive interpretation has significantly expanded the scope of Fundamental Rights under Article 21.



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INTRODUCTION:

Direct Question:

11.

TGPSC Question:

SECTION - III/విభాగం - III

11. Public Accounts Committee (PAC) of Parliament is an effective body to guarantee accountability in financial administration. Examine.

పార్లమెంటు ప్రభుత్వ ఖాతాల కమిటీ (Public Accounts Committee) (PAC) విత్త పాలనలో జవాబుదారీతనాన్ని పెంపొందించడంలో ఒక సమర్థవంతమైన సంస్థ. పరిశీలించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

1. Discuss the organisation and functions of the Committee system in Indian Parliament. Do you think the Committees are considered to be useful for parliamentary work? In this context, discuss the role of the Estimates Committee, Public accounts Committee and Committee on Public Undertakings.

Answer:

Approach to Write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that the Committee system plays a vital role in enhancing the efficiency of parliamentary functioning.
- In the Body, talk about the organisation, usefulness of the Committee system. Also talk about the role of the Estimates Committee, the Public accounts Committee and the Committee on Public Undertakings.
- Conclude the answer by saying that the Committee system in the Indian Parliament is a cornerstone of parliamentary democracy

Direct Question:

12.

TGPSC Question:

12. The National Food Security Act, 2013 marks a paradigm shift from welfare to Rights based approach in ensuring food security. Analyse.

“జాతీయ ఆహార భద్రతా చట్టం 2013 ఆహార భద్రతను కల్పించడంలో సంక్షేమం నుండి హక్కుల ఆధారిత విధానానికి నాంది పలికింది (paradigm shift)”. విశ్లేషించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

3. Outline the salient features of the National Food Security Act, 2013. Critically evaluate the working of this act.

Answer:

Approach to write the answer:

- In the Introduction talk about the basics of the National Food Security Act, 2013.
- In the Body, talk about the salient features of the National Food Security Act, 2013. Also do the critical evaluation of the act.
- Conclude the answer by saying that the act has made significant strides in addressing hunger and improving food security in India.

Direct Question:

- Need to link this to the rights based approach.

13.

a.

TGPSC Question:

13. (A) 'The modern day District Collector is working as a professional, dedicated and humane Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the district'. Examine.

“నేటి ఆధునిక జిల్లా కలెక్టర్ జిల్లాలో వ్యక్తి నైపుణ్యం, అంకితభావం, మానవత్వం గల ఒక ప్రధాన కార్యనిర్వాహకుడిగా పని చేస్తున్నాడు.” పరిశీలించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

2. Discuss the multidimensional responsibilities of the District Collector in ensuring coordinated developmental administration in India.

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that the District Collector holds a pivotal position in the administrative framework of India.
- In the Body, talk about the multidimensional responsibilities of the District Collector in ensuring development in the District.
- Conclude the answer by saying that the role of the District Collector in India is multifaceted and critical to the coordinated developmental administration of a district.



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Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

13. (B) 'The promise of decentralisation of public service delivery is based on the hope that the local bodies will promote required standards of accountability.' Examine.

“ప్రభుత్వ సేవల కల్పన వికేంద్రీకరణ వాగ్దానం అనేది స్థానిక సంస్థలు అవసరమైన మేరకు తగు ప్రమాణాలతో కూడిన జవాబుదారీతనాన్ని మెరుగుపరుస్తాయనే నమ్మకంపై ఆధారపడి ఉంది.” పరిశీలించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

4. Critically examine the extent to which the 73rd and 74th Constitutional Amendment Acts have succeeded in empowering the third tier of government for democratic decentralisation.

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that the 73rd and 74th Constitutional amendments have indeed brought about notable changes, their implementation and impact have been varied, with several successes and challenges.
- In the Body, talk about the various successes and challenges of the 73rd and 74th Constitutional amendments.
- Conclude the answer by saying that Amendment Acts have laid a strong foundation for democratic decentralisation in India by empowering PRIs and ULBs.

4. Discuss the ways in which Panchayati Raj Institutions remain affected by the influence of state control and the dominance of bureaucracy.

Answer:

Approach to Write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that the Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs) are the cornerstone of decentralised governance in India.

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Contact : 70756 52127



- In the Body, talk about the Influence of State Control and Bureaucracy on Panchayati Raj Institutions. Also talk about the measures to mitigate these influences.
- Conclude the answer by saying that PRIs have the potential to transform rural governance but their effectiveness is often compromised by state control and bureaucratic dominance

Direct Question:

14.

a.

TGPSC Question:

14. (A) Discuss briefly how Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) contributes for achieving Sustainable Development Goals.

కార్పొరేట్ సామాజిక బాధ్యత (CSR) అనేది సుస్థిర అభివృద్ధి లక్ష్యాల సాధనకు ఎలా దోహదపడుతుందో క్లుప్తంగా చర్చించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

- b. What is Corporate Social Responsibility? How impactful and transformative has it been in India?

Answer:

Introduction:

Direct Question:

- **Link it to SDG's related to health and education.**

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

14. (B) Decentralisation is a necessary tool for good governance. Elaborate.

సుపరిపాలనకు విశేషావసరం ఒక అవసరమైన సాధనం. విశదీకరించండి.

D/ET

Q

4

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

4. "Transparency, Responsiveness and Accountability in administration are three major goals of Good Governance." Discuss.



Approach to write answer:

- In the Introduction, say that transparency, responsiveness, and accountability stand out as the three major goals of good governance.
- In the Body, elaborate on the meanings and importance of transparency, responsiveness, and accountability in administration. Also talk about the cyclic relationship of Transparency, Responsiveness, and Accountability
- Conclude the answer by saying that Transparency, responsiveness, and accountability are the cornerstones of good governance .

15.

a.

TGPSC Question:

15. (A) "The Mission Karmayogi initiative of Government of India will revitalize the Civil Services in India and equip, them to face the challenges of Governance". Examine.

"భారత ప్రభుత్వ మిషన్ కర్మయోగి కార్యకలాపాలు భారతదేశంలో సివిల్ సర్వీసుల పనితీరును పునరుత్తేజ పరిచి అవి పరిపాలన సవాళ్ళను అధిగమించేటట్లు తయారు చేస్తుంది". పరిశీలించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching,Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

Value Addition:

Mission Karmayogi:

1. It was Launched in 2021
2. It is a large-scale initiative aimed at reforming civil service capacity building in India.
3. It focuses on creating a competent civil service with a citizen-centric approach.
4. **Salient features of the Mission are as follows:**
 - a. **Online learning platform:**
 - i. iGOT-Karmayogi provides anytime-anywhere learning opportunities for government employees.
 - b. **Focus on competencies:**
 - i. The program emphasises developing job-specific skills and knowledge for effective service delivery.
 - c. **Modern HR practices:**
 - i. Mission Karmayogi promotes the use of technology for efficient human resource management.
 - d. **Citizen-centric approach:**
 - i. The reforms aim to empower civil servants to better serve citizen's needs.

Direct Question:

- Given in value addition

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

15. (B) 'Despite Limitations and Challenges, Poverty Alleviation Programmes ensure socio-economic development in Urban Areas' - Examine.

“పేదరిక నిర్మూలన కార్యక్రమాలకు ఎన్నో పరిమితులు, సవాళ్ళు ఎదురైనప్పటికీ అవి పట్టణ ప్రాంతాలలో సామాజిక, ఆర్థికాభివృద్ధిని కార్యసాధకం చేయడంలో తోడ్పడుతున్నాయి”. పరిశీలించండి.

- o' O o -

01

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.



- 1. Evaluate the performance of major Poverty Alleviation programs in India.**
Discuss why political will is crucial for their success?

Answer:

Approach to write the answer:

- In the Introduction, say that poverty alleviation has been a central focus of India's development agenda since independence
- In the Body, talk about the various major poverty alleviation programs and their Performance. Also give reasons as to why political will is crucial for their success.
- Conclude the answer by saying that political will is crucial for the success of these programs, as it ensures effective policy formulation and adequate resource allocation.

- 3. Analyse the issues and difficulties encountered by District Administration as the primary unit of governance responsible for executing government schemes and programmes.**

Answer:

Approach to Write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that the District administration serves as the primary unit of governance in India.
- In the Body, talk about the administrative, operational, financial, and socio-political challenges faced by the district administration in implementation of schemes and programmes.



- Conclude the answer by saying that the district administration is pivotal in executing government schemes and programmes, yet it faces significant challenges



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TGPSC GROUP-I

MAINS PAPER - IV

23 OUT OF 24 QUESTIONS

REFLECTED FROM OUR

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VISAKHAPATNAM

Vuda Complex, 2nd & 3rd floor, 2, MVP Main Rd, Sector 7, MVP Colony, Visakhapatnam, Andhra Pradesh-530017

PAPER IV: Total Questions Reflected : 23 out of 24

Indian Economy:

- Total Questions Reflected 8 out of 8
- Direct Questions : 8 out of 8
- Questions 1,2,3(A)&(B),4(A)&(B),5(A)&(B)

Telangana Economy:

- Total Questions Reflected 8 out of 8
- Direct Questions : 8 out of 8
- Questions 6,7,8(A)&(B),9(A)&(B),10(A)&(B)

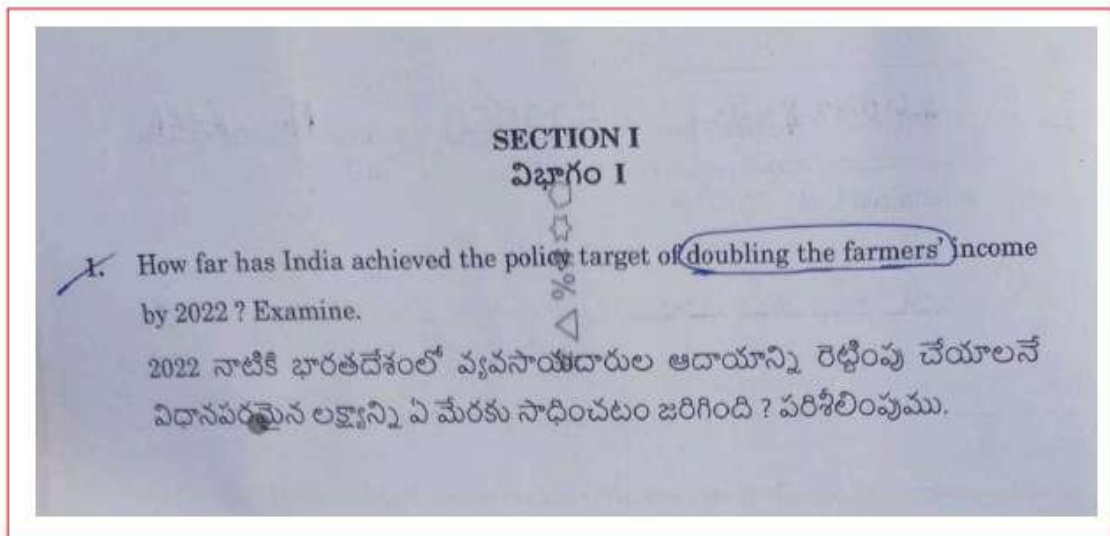
Development & Environment:

- Total Questions Reflected 7 out of 8
- Direct Questions : 6 out of 8
- Questions 11,12,13(A)&(B),14(A)&(B)
- Partial Question : Question 15(A)

This document does not provide complete model answers but only shows TGPSC group 1 2024 questions which overlapped with our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching , Strategic Revision for mains and test series .

1.

TGPSC Question:



Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching,Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

This Is Not a Full Model Answer

CAN INDIA DOUBLE FARM INCOME?

ANECDOTE

In the heart of rural Maharashtra, amidst the undulating fields of sugarcane, stands the remarkable tale of Gajanan Dhokane, a true embodiment of agricultural success against all odds. Born into a family grappling with poverty and agrarian distress, Gajanan's childhood was a testament to hardship and adversity. With meager resources and little formal education, he began his journey as a farmer, determined to change the course of his family's destiny.

Facing the same challenges that plagued many smallholder farmers – unpredictable weather patterns, mounting debts, and market uncertainties – Gajanan refused to succumb to despair. Instead, he embraced innovation and resilience as his guiding principles. Through tireless experimentation and a deep understanding of his craft,



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Gajanan pioneered sustainable farming practices, leveraging organic methods and modern technology to enhance productivity while preserving the environment.

Against all odds, Gajanan's perseverance bore fruit, quite literally. Today, his farm thrives as a testament to his unwavering determination and pioneering spirit. From struggling to make ends meet to emerging as a beacon of agricultural prosperity in his community, Gajanan's story serves as a source of inspiration for countless farmers across India. It is a testament to the transformative power of resilience, innovation, and unwavering faith in the land.

Quote:

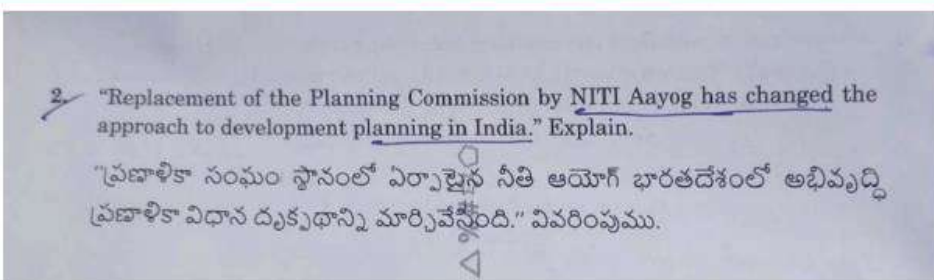
"Success in agriculture is not merely about reaping a harvest; it's about sowing the seeds of resilience, nurturing innovation, and cultivating the land with unwavering determination." - C. Subramaniam

Direct Question:

- Covered extensively in the essay session.

2.

TGPSC Question:



Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

2. Discuss the composition and objectives of NITI Aayog. How has its establishment altered the planning perspective in India?

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that the National Institution for Transforming India was established in 2015, replacing the erstwhile Planning Commission
- In the Body, talk about the composition and objectives of NITI Aayog. Also talk about how it has transformed India's Planning Perspective.
- Conclude the answer by saying that NITI Aayog's establishment marks a watershed moment in India's development journey.

Direct Question:

3.
a.

TGPSC Question:

3. (A) "Human Poverty Index and capability approach are two ways to understand and measure poverty and well-being of people." Explain in brief.

"మానవ పేదరిక సూచీ మరియు సామర్థ్య విధానం (capability approach) పేదరికాన్ని మరియు ప్రజా సంక్షేమాన్ని కొలవడానికి, అర్థం చేసుకోవడానికి రెండు మార్గాలు." క్లుప్తంగా వివరించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.



Group-I Mains
Paper-IV: Economy and Development
Explanation Key
Time: 3 hours
Marks: 150

Section-I (5 x 10 = 50 Marks)
Indian Economy and Development

1. "Development encompasses more than just economic growth; it involves enhancing human capabilities to utilise resources effectively." In this context, analyse the key findings of the National Multidimensional Poverty Index, 2023.

Direct Question:

- You can see the value addition for clarity on capability approach.

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేక

(B) "Poverty reduction in different states of India has not been uniform during the post-economic reform period." Examine.

"భారతదేశంలో ఆర్థిక సంస్కరణల తదనంతర కాలంలో వివిధ రాష్ట్రాలలో పేదరికం తగ్గింపు ఒకే తీరుగా లేదు." పరిశీలింపుము.

2
P

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.



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Group-I Mains
Paper-IV: Economy and Development
Model Answers
Time: 3 hours
Marks: 150

Section-I (5 x 10 = 50 Marks)
Indian Economy and Development

1. Analyse the key trends in the National Multidimensional Poverty Index(MPI) since 2005-06.

Direct Question:

- Combine this with the informations of the key findings question for answer.

4.

a.

TGPSC Question:

4. (A) What changes have been introduced in money supply measures as per the recommendations of the Working Group on Money Supply, 1998 chaired by Dr. Y.V. Reddy ?

డాక్టర్ వై.వి. రెడ్డి ఛైర్మన్ గా వ్యవహరించిన ద్రవ్య సప్లయ్ పై వర్కింగ్ గ్రూప్, 1998 చేసిన సిఫారసుల మూలంగా ద్రవ్య సప్లయ్ కొలమానాలలో ఏ విధమైన మార్పులు ప్రవేశపెట్టబడ్డాయి ?

OR / లేక

అంబేద్కర్

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

3. Discuss the factors determining the Money supply in India. What are the Money stock measures of the Reserve Bank of India?

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that the supply of money in India is influenced by various factors.
- In the Body, talk about the factors determining the Money supply and the money stock measures of the Reserve Bank of India
- Conclude the answer by saying that supply of money in India is a dynamic component of the economy, influenced by a variety of factors

Direct Question: Based on Y.V.Reddy's recommendations the RBI classified the above mentioned aggregates of Moneys on the basis of their liquidity.

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR / లేక

Repo Rate
SLR RRR

(B) Analyse briefly how Liquidity Adjustment Facility (LAF) in India emerged as an effective monetary policy instrument to control market fluctuations in the short run.

స్వల్ప కాలంలో మార్కెట్ హెచ్చు తగ్గులను నియంత్రించటానికి భారతదేశంలో ద్రవ్యత్వత సర్దుబాటు సౌకర్యం (Liquidity Adjustment Facility - LAF) ఏ విధంగా ఒక సమర్థవంతమైన ద్రవ్య విధాన సాధనంగా ఆవిర్భవించిందో సంక్షిప్తంగా విశ్లేషణ చేయుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.



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2. Discuss the various Quantitative and Qualitative methods used by the Reserve Bank of India for regulation of credit.

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) employs various quantitative and qualitative methods to regulate credit in the economy.
- In the Body, talk about the Quantitative and Qualitative methods used by the Reserve Bank of India for regulation of credit
- Conclude the answer by saying that the RBI uses a mix of quantitative and qualitative methods to regulate credit in the economy.

5.

a.

TGPSC Question:

5. (A) Evaluate the innovativeness of the Fifteenth Finance Commission on Centre-State relations regarding the sharing of tax revenues.
పన్ను రాబడి పంపకాలకు సంబంధించి కేంద్ర-రాష్ట్ర సంబంధాల విషయంలో 15వ ఆర్థిక సంఘం యొక్క వినూత్నత్యాన్ని (innovativeness) మూల్యాంకనం చేయుము.

OR / లేక

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

4. The Finance Commission stands at the centre of fiscal federalism in India. In the light of this statement, critically evaluate its role in ensuring just and equitable sharing of resources among the states and the union.

Answer:

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Contact: 70756 52127

TGPSC Group-1
Mains Strategic Revision- Governance



Approach to Write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, talk about the basics of Finance Commission
- In the Body, talk about the role and functions of the Finance Commission. Also do the critical evaluation of its role in fiscal federalism of India.
- Conclude the answer by saying that the Finance Commission is central to fiscal federalism in India

Value Addition:

The 15th Finance Commission (FC-XV)

It was constituted in December 2019 and submitted its report for the period 2021-26 in February 2020. Some of its key recommendations are as follows:

Direct Question:

- Covered extensively in the Governance section.
- Refer value addition for recommendations
- If you combine the above mentioned 2 questions the demand of the question can be met.

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR / లేక

(B) "Rising fiscal deficit during the 21st century has been, by and large, responsible for the surge in public debt for the Centre-States in India." Examine.

"21 వ శతాబ్దంలో భారతదేశంలో కేంద్ర, రాష్ట్రాల ప్రభుత్వ ఋణం పెరగటానికి, మొత్తం మీద పెరుగుతున్న ద్రవ్య లోటు కారణమవుతుంది." పరిశీలించుము.

P T O

Question from our Classroom, Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

3. Analyse the estimates of Receipts, Expenditure and Deficits of Government of India in the Union Budget 2024-25.

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that the Union Budget 2024-25, presented by the Government of India, outlines the nation's financial strategy for the fiscal year.
- In the Body, analyse the Estimates of Receipts and Expenditure of Government of India in the Union Budget 2024-25.
- Conclude the answer by saying that the Union Budget 2024-25 demonstrates the government's commitment to fostering economic growth, social welfare, and infrastructure development.

TGPSC Group-1
Mains Strategic Revision- Indian Economy



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2. What is Public Debt? Discuss its composition and recent trends in India. Why Budget 2024 prioritises debt reduction over increased spending?

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, talk about the basics of Public Debt.
- In the Body, talk about the composition and recent trends of Public Debt in India. Also give reasons for Prioritising Debt Reduction in Budget 2024-25.
- Conclude the answer by saying that prioritising debt reduction in Budget 2024 reflects a strategic choice for long-term fiscal stability and economic health.

Direct Question: Can be easily answered from the above 2 questions.

6.

TGPSC Question:

SECTION II
విభాగం II

8. "The demographic structure and transition of Telangana deviated from the demographic structure and transition of India during 1961-2011" (as per census data). Examine with reference to sex ratio, rural-urban population, literacy and decadal growth rate of population.

"1961-2011 మధ్య భారతదేశపు జనాభా నిర్మితి మరియు పరివర్తనతో పోల్చినప్పుడు తెలంగాణ జనాభా నిర్మితి మరియు పరివర్తన వేరుగా ఉంది (జనాభా లెక్కల ప్రకారం)." లింగ నిష్పత్తి, గ్రామీణ-పట్టణ జనాభా, అక్షరాస్యత మరియు జనాభా దశాబ్ది వృద్ధి రేటు దృష్ట్యా పరిశీలించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

2, Discuss the demographic structure of Telangana, highlighting key indicators such as population distribution, growth trends, social composition, and sex ratio.

Approach to Write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, outline Telangana's demographic structure, emphasizing the importance of understanding population distribution, growth trends, and social composition for effective policy-making.
- In the Body, Highlight key data points and challenges for each aspect. Discuss how these indicators influence policy decisions and economic planning.
- Conclude by suggesting strategies to leverage the demographic dividend, address urbanization, social disparities, and improve health outcomes for sustainable development.

Introduction:

Telangana, with a geographical area of 1.2 lakh sq.km (3.5% of India's area) and a population of 3.5 crore (12th in India), presents a diverse demographic profile. Understanding the demographic structure, including population distribution, growth trends, and social composition, is essential for effective policy-making and economic planning in the state.

Direct Question:

7.

TGPSC Question:

జనాభా దశాబ్ద వృద్ధి రేటు దృష్ట్యా పరిశీలించుము.

7. "The land reforms in Telangana were aimed at redistributing the land from large farmers to agricultural labourers and landless poor." Critically evaluate.

“పెద్ద వ్యవసాయదారుల నుండి వ్యవసాయ కూలీలకు మరియు భూమిలేని పేదలకు భూమిని పునఃపంపిణీ చేయడం తెలంగాణలో భూసంస్కరణలు లక్ష్యంగా పెట్టుకున్నాయి.” విమర్శనాత్మకంగా మూల్యాంకనం చేయుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

7. Evaluate the progress and limitations of land reforms in Telangana, focusing on the Tenancy Reforms and land ceiling policies. How successful have these measures been in addressing land inequality and alienation in non-tribal areas?

Answer

Introduction

Land reforms in Telangana aimed to address land inequality and boost agricultural productivity through tenancy reforms and land ceiling policies. Initiated during the Hyderabad State period and continued post-independence, these reforms sought to dismantle the feudal system and redistribute land to marginalized communities. While there have been

TGPSC Group-1
Mains Strategic Revision- Telangana Economy



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1. Discuss the objectives of land reforms and evaluate their impact in Telangana.

Direct Question:

8.

a.

TGPSC Question:

8. (A) "Structural changes are reflected in trends of sectoral shares in gross state value added (GSVA)." Examine this in the context of trends in GSVA of Telangana since 2014.

"స్థూల రాష్ట్ర విలువ మదింపులో (GSVA) రంగాల వాటా ధోరణులలో, నిర్మాణాత్మక మార్పులు ప్రతిబింబిస్తాయి." 2014 నుండి తెలంగాణ స్థూల రాష్ట్ర విలువ మదింపులో చోటు చేసుకున్న ధోరణుల దృష్ట్యా దీనిని పరిశీలింపుము.

OR / లేక

Direct Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

6. Discuss the structural changes in Telangana's economy post-2014. How have sectoral trends in GSDP affected the state's per capita income and deepened income inequalities and poverty?

Introduction

The formation of Telangana in 2014 catalysed significant economic shifts, emphasizing industrial growth and the service sector. This transformation



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Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

- (B) "Telangana region in united Andhra Pradesh was not given due importance in allocation of funds by the successive governments during 1956–2014." Critically analyse.

"1956–2014 మధ్య అధికారంలో ఉన్న ప్రభుత్వాలు ఉమ్మడి ఆంధ్ర ప్రదేశ్‌లోని తెలంగాణ ప్రాంతానికి నిధుల కేటాయింపులో తగినంత ప్రాధాన్యత ఇవ్వలేదు." విమర్శనాత్మకంగా విశ్లేషించుము.



Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

3, Examine the economic development of Telangana during the first phase (1956-1970) within the united Andhra Pradesh.

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer

- In the Introduction, outline the context of economic development in Telangana within the united Andhra Pradesh from 1956 to 1970, highlighting key socio-political and economic factors.
- In the Body, summarize the limited growth in agriculture and industry due to regional disparities and inadequate planned expenditure, alongside the socio-political impact of the 1969 movement and financial imbalances.
- Conclude the answer by summarizing how the economic development of Telangana during this period was characterized by significant imbalances and regional disparities, contributing to the eventual demand for a separate state.

Direct Question:

9.

a.

TGPSC Question:

9. (A) "Irrigation plays a crucial role in Telangana's agricultural growth and food security." Justify this in the context of sustained initiatives of the state government.
- "తెలంగాణ వ్యవసాయ వృద్ధి మరియు ఆహార భద్రత విషయంలో నీటి పారుదల కీలకమైన పాత్రను పోషిస్తుంది." రాష్ట్ర ప్రభుత్వం నిరంతరంగా చేపడుతున్న కార్యక్రమాల దృష్ట్యా దీనిని సమర్థింపుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

4, The Telangana government has introduced several initiatives to support the agricultural sector and enhance farmers' welfare. Discuss the key features and objectives of those schemes.

The Telangana government has launched several programs to improve the agricultural sector and support farmers. These initiatives aim to introduce necessary changes to existing schemes and implement new measures tailored to the needs of the farming community, addressing the unique challenges faced by farmers across different districts.

1, Rythu Bharosa

- **Objective:** Reform the Rythu Bandhu scheme to better target genuine farmers, including tenant cultivators, and enhance support for their agricultural activities.
- **Features:**
 - Increased assistance: Rs.15,000 per acre per annum for landholders and tenant farmers, up from Rs.10,000.
 - Rs.12,000 assistance for agricultural laborers.

Direct Question:

- Choose the schemes related to Irrigation.

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR / లేక

(B) "Timely and adequate availability of institutional agricultural credit to a large extent determines the production and productivity of crops." Comment.

"సకాలంలో మరియు తగినంత సంస్థాగత వ్యవసాయ పరపతి లభ్యత చాలా ఎక్కువ మేరకు పంటల ఉత్పత్తిని మరియు ఉత్పాదకతను నిర్ణయిస్తాయి." వ్యాఖ్యానించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

9.

- a. Analyse the trends in agricultural productivity in Telangana, with a focus on cropping patterns, irrigation development, and the distribution of land holdings. How does agricultural credit and marketing infrastructure impact the state's rural economy?

Answer:

Introduction

Agricultural productivity in Telangana has improved due to changes in cropping patterns, irrigation projects, and landholding distribution. While government efforts have enhanced irrigation and credit access, issues like land ownership disparities and insufficient marketing infrastructure still hinder rural economic growth.

Body

I. Trends in Agricultural Productivity:

A. Shifts in Cropping Patterns:

1. Diversification towards Commercial Crops:



Direct Question:

10.

a.

TGPSC Question:

10. (A) "Industrial policy, in general, determines the pace and pattern of industrialisation of a country/state." Comment on this, keeping in view the Telangana State Industrial Project Approval and Self-Certification System (TS-iPASS).

"సాధారణంగా, పారిశ్రామిక విధానం దేశం/రాష్ట్రం యొక్క పారిశ్రామికీకరణ వేగాన్ని, తీరును నిర్ణయిస్తుంది." తెలంగాణ రాష్ట్ర పారిశ్రామిక ప్రాజెక్టు ఆమోదం మరియు స్వీయ ధృవీకరణ వ్యవస్థను (TS-iPASS) దృష్టిలో పెట్టుకుని దీనిపై వ్యాఖ్యానించుము.

OR / లేక

4, Discuss the various initiatives taken by the Telangana government to promote industrial growth.

Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

(B) "Service sector as a whole and its sub-sectors have been contributing significantly to the overall performance of Telangana state since 2014." Analyse.

"సేవా రంగం మొత్తంగా మరియు దాని ఉప రంగాలు 2014 నుండి తెలంగాణ రాష్ట్ర మొత్తం పనితీరుకు గణనీయంగా దోహదం చేస్తున్నాయి." విశ్లేషించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

10.

- a. How has Telangana's Information, Communication and Technologies (ICT) policy attracted investment and driven innovation? Assess its role in boosting employment in the technology sector.

Answer:

Direct Question:

- b. Analyse the impact of employment trends in Telangana's service sector on income distribution and economic growth. What role does Information and Communication Technology (ICT) play in shaping these trends?

Answer:

11.

TGPSC Question:

SECTION III
విభాగం III

11. Critically assess the challenges in aligning economic development with environmental sustainability in India in the present era.

ప్రస్తుత కాలంలో భారతదేశంలో పర్యావరణ సుస్థిరత్వంతో కూడిన ఆర్థికాభివృద్ధిని సాధించడంలో ఎదురయ్యే సవాళ్ళను గురించి విమర్శనాత్మకంగా విశదీకరించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.



1. Are Development and Environment at odds with each other? Will Development eventually lead to Environmental conflicts ? If so, suggest measures to resolve these conflicts.

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that the relationship between development and the environment is a complex and often contentious one
- In the Body, talk about the conflicting goals between development and the environment. Also suggest measures to resolve these conflicts.
- Conclude the answer by saying that Development and the environment are not inherently at odds with each other; however, unregulated and unsustainable development can lead to significant environmental conflicts



Section-III (5 x 10 = 50 Marks)
Development and Environmental Problems

11. "The trade-off between environment and development remains unresolved."
Comment in view of India's consistent low ranking in the Environmental Performance Index.

Direct Question:

12.

TGPSC Question:

విశదీకరించుము.

12. How far have the measures taken by the government succeeded in successful management of solid waste in India? Explain.

భారతదేశంలో ఘన వ్యర్థాల నిర్వహణలో విజయవంతమవడానికి ప్రభుత్వం తీసుకున్న చర్యలు ఎంతమేరకు సఫలీకృతమయ్యాయి ? వివరించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

6. Define Municipal Solid Waste Management. Elaborate on the factors contributing to the ongoing rise in the production of substantial amounts of discarded solid waste. How do we safely remove the toxic solid wastes that have been accumulated in our habitable environment ?

TGPSC Group-1
Mains Strategic Revision- Environment



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Answer:

Approach to write the answer:

- Introduce your answer by defining the terms like MSW and MSWM.
- In the Body, talk about the various factors contributing to the rise of MSW and how it can be safely removed from the habitable environment.
- Conclude the answer by saying that MSWM is crucial for maintaining a clean and healthy environment in urban areas

5. Identify the types of Solid waste generated in India. Discuss the various challenges in managing solid waste and its impact on health and environment. How can it be integrated into a Circular economy?

Answer:

Approach to write the answer:

- Introduce your answer by defining Solid Waste.
- In the Body, talk about the various types of Solid Waste. Also talk about the challenges in managing Solid Waste and its impacts on health and environment. Mention how Solid Waste can be managed by integrating into the circular economy.
- Conclude the answer by saying that effective solid waste management is critical for public health and environmental sustainability.

Direct Question:

13.

a.

TGPSC Question:

13. (A) Examine the environmental implications of replacement of conventional fossil fuel-based power by green power.

సాంప్రదాయ శిలాజ ఇంధన ఆధారిత శక్తికి బదులుగా హరిత ఇంధనం (గ్రీన్ పవర్) ను ఉపయోగించడం వల్ల వచ్చే పర్యావరణ ఫలితాలను పరిశీలించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

3. Discuss the Social and Environmental problems caused by Mining. Provide a blueprint for making India's mining sector Socially and Environmentally viable.

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that Mining can cause significant social and environmental problems .
- In the Body, talk about the Social and Environmental problems caused by Mining. Also present a blueprint for making India's mining sector Socially and Environmentally viable.
- Conclude the answer by saying that Mining must be balanced with social and environmental considerations.

TGPSC Question:

OR/ లేక

- (B) Assess the effectiveness of policies in India for land resources management.

భారతదేశంలో భూవనరుల నిర్వహణ విధానాలు ఏ మేరకు ఆశించిన ఫలితాలను ఇచ్చాయో సమీక్షించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

5. Analyse the uneven distribution of ecological footprints in India, specifically in relation to land resources utilisation for food, feed, fuel and fibre.

Answer:

Approach to write the answer:

- In the Introduction, you can define the Ecological footprint and link it to Land Resource Utilisation in India.
- In the Body, do the analysis of uneven ecological footprints in relation to land resources utilisation for food, feed, fuel and fibre. Also mention the factors influencing the unevenness in ecological footprints.
- Conclude the answer by saying that the uneven distribution of ecological footprints in India highlights the need for region-specific strategies to manage land resources sustainably.



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13.

- a. In what ways does land degradation impact the productivity and sustainable management of resources like food, feed, fuel, and fibre?
Propose solutions to overcome the same

Answer:

14.

a.

TGPSC Question:

14. (A) Evaluate the effectiveness of current biodiversity conservation strategies implemented in India in conserving endangered species.
అంతరించిపోతున్న జాతులను పరిరక్షించటంలో ప్రస్తుతం భారతదేశంలో అమలులో ఉన్న జీవవైవిధ్య పరిరక్షణ వ్యూహాల ప్రభావాన్ని మూల్యాంకనం చేయుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

6. Why is it crucial to conserve the genetic diversity of species? Evaluate the effectiveness of protected areas in this context.

Answer:

Approach to write the answer:

- In the Introduction, you can define Genetic diversity.
- In the Body, talk about the Importance of Conserving Genetic Diversity. Also throw light on the effectiveness and limitations of protected areas in conserving Genetic diversity.
- Conclude the answer by saying that conserving genetic diversity is crucial for the adaptability, resilience, and overall health of ecosystems.

Introduction:

Genetic diversity is the variation in genes within a particular species. It includes the differences in DNA sequences among individuals, which can result in different traits such as disease resistance, physical characteristics, and adaptability to environmental

3. Define Biodiversity. Provide an overview of the types of Biodiversity in India and the threats to it. Discuss the methods for conserving biodiversity for sustainable development.

TGPSC Group-1
Mains Strategic Revision- Environment



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Approach to write the answer:

- In the Introduction, you can define the Ecological footprint and link it to Land Resource Utilisation in India.
- In the Body, do the analysis of uneven ecological footprints in relation to land resources utilisation for food, feed, fuel and fibre. Also mention the factors influencing the unevenness in ecological footprints.
- Conclude the answer by saying that the uneven distribution of ecological footprints in India highlights the need for region-specific strategies to manage land resources sustainably.

Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR / లేక

(B) "Proper functioning of various components of eco-system is the basis for maintaining pollution-free environment." Discuss.

"ఆవరణ వ్యవస్థ (eco-system) లోని వివిధ భాగాల సరైన పనితీరు కాలుష్య రహిత పర్యావరణాన్ని కలిగి ఉండటానికి ఆధారం." చర్చించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.



1. **"The web of life is seamless and the consequences of disruption to one part of the ecosystem ripple throughout the whole." Elaborate.**

Answer:

Approach to write the answer:

- In the Introduction, say that the statement underscores the interconnectedness of all living and nonliving components within an ecosystem.
- In the Body, talk about the interconnectedness of Ecosystems by giving examples. Also talk about the human impacts on the Ecosystem and suggest Mitigation Measures.
- Conclude the answer by saying that understanding the seamless web of life highlights the importance of preserving every component of an ecosystem .

3. **"In the environment vs. development debate, we forget that natural capital—forests, rivers, land—provide ecosystem services, without which we as a species would not survive." Elucidate**

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that in the debate between environment and development, the significance of natural capital is often overlooked.



- In the Body, talk about the ecosystem services and the role of Natural capital in providing those services. Also talk about the consequences of neglecting Natural capital.
- Conclude the answer by saying that recognizing and valuing ecosystem services in development planning is essential to ensure sustainable growth and the well-being of future generations.

Direct Question:

15.

a.

TGPSC Question:

i. (A) Analyse the strengths and weaknesses of the Paris Agreement on climate change. How effective is Paris Agreement in addressing global warming ?

వాతావరణ మార్పుకు సంబంధించిన పారిస్ ఒప్పందపు బలాలను, బలహీనతలను విశ్లేషించుము. భూతాపం (గ్లోబల్ వార్మింగ్) సమస్యను పరిష్కరించటంలో ఈ ఒప్పందం ఎంత ప్రభావవంతంగా ఉంది ?

OR / లేక

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes.

1. "As India aims to achieve its ambitious growth targets, it faces the dual challenge of meeting energy demands while reducing carbon emissions." Explain.

Answer:

Approach to Write the Answer:

- In the Introduction say that, this dual challenge is particularly pressing as India aims to solidify its position as a global economic powerhouse while also addressing the urgent need for environmental sustainability
- In the Body, talk about the dual challenge of meeting energy demands while reducing carbon emissions.
- Conclude the answer by saying that India's quest to achieve its ambitious growth targets while reducing carbon emissions is a complex and challenging endeavour.

15.

- a. Examine the various measures India has adopted under the Paris Agreement to tackle the challenges of global warming and climate change.

Partial Question:

- Demand of the question can be partly met by articulating the provisions of the Paris agreement given above.
- Covered in the S&T section

TGPSC Question:

OR / లేక

- (B) "Kyoto Protocol" played a crucial role in forcing participating countries to initiate measures to control greenhouse gases and protect the environment." Examine.

"క్యోటో ప్రోటోకాల్ లో పాల్గొన్న దేశాలు పర్యావరణ పరిరక్షణ కొరకు హరిత గృహ వాయువులను (గ్రీన్ హౌస్ గ్యాసెస్) నియంత్రించే చర్యలు చేపట్టే విధంగా చూడటంలో క్యోటో ప్రోటోకాల్ కీలక పాత్ర పోషించింది." పరిశీలన చేయుము.



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TGPSC GROUP-I

MAINS PAPER - V

42 OUT OF 46 QUESTIONS

REFLECTED FROM OUR

TGPSC GROUP 1

CLASSROOM COACHING,

STRATEGIC REVISION FOR

MAINS, AND TEST SERIES

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PAPER V: Total Questions Reflected : 42 out of 46

Science & Technology

Section-A:

- Total Questions Reflected 7 out of 8.
- Direct Questions : 6 out of 8
- Questions 1,2,3(B),4(A)&(B),5(B)
- Partial Question: 3(A)

Section-B:

- Total Questions Reflected 8 out of 8.
- Direct Questions : 8 out of 8
- Questions 6,7,8(A)&(B),9(A)&(B),10(A)&(B)

This document does not provide complete model answers but only shows TGPSC group 1 2024 questions which overlapped with our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching , Strategic Revision for mains and test series .

Data Interpretation :Total Questions Reflected : 27 out of 30

1.

TGPSC Question:

1. ISRO has planned to launch its first unmanned space mission named "Gaganyaan". Elaborate its goal/objectives and benefits as a result of this mission.

'గగన్యాన్' అనబడే మానవరహిత అంతరిక్ష మిషన్‌ను ప్రయోగించుటకు ISRO సిద్ధపడింది. దీని లక్ష్యం/లక్ష్యాలు (goal/objectives) మరియు ఈ మిషన్ వల్ల కలిగే ప్రయోజనాలను వివరించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching,Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

4. What is Gaganyaan? Discuss its various components. What the success of Gaganyaan could mean for India?

Answer:

Approach to Write the Answer:

- In the Introduction say that, Gaganyaan is India's ambitious endeavour to send its first crewed mission into space.
- In the Body talk about the components of Gaganyaan. Also talk about the implications for India with the success of Gaganyaan.
- Conclude the answer by saying that Gaganyaan represents a turning point for India. Its success could catalyse advancements in technology, foster a thriving science and technology ecosystem, inspire future generations, and elevate India's global standing.

2. Discuss the key objectives and core components of Gaganyaan Mission. Could it mark a significant turning point for India's Space Programme and its ambitions for its own space station?

Answer:

Introduction:

Page | 3

Contact : 70756 52127



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Direct Question:

2.

TGPSC Question:

2. Indian manufacturing sector is shifting from Industry 3.0 to Industry 4.0. Elaborate advantages and challenges involved in adopting Industry 4.0.
- భారత తయారీ రంగం, పరిశ్రమ 3.0 (Industry 3.0) నుండి పరిశ్రమ 4.0 కు మారుతున్నది. పరిశ్రమ 4.0 కు మారడం వల్ల కలిగే ప్రయోజనాలు మరియు సవాళ్ళను వివరించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes



1. Industrial Revolution 4.0 presents many opportunities and important challenges for India. Is India ready to harness it for inclusive development? What are the challenges it presents before the country?

Answer:

Approach to Write the Answer:

- In the Introduction say that, this revolution is driven by advancements in artificial intelligence (AI), robotics, the Internet of Things (IoT), quantum computing, and other emerging technologies
- In the Body talk about the Opportunities Presented by IR 4.0. Also talk about the India's Preparedness for IR 4.0 and the challenges that the country faces for IR 4.0
- Conclude the answer by saying that India stands at a critical juncture where the opportunities presented by IR 4.0 could propel the country toward greater economic growth and inclusive development.

3.

a.

TGPSC Question:

3. (A) A National Mission to promote solar power launched by Indian Government is named as "Jawaharlal Nehru National Solar Mission (JNNSM)" in 2010. Elaborate the mission and its major objectives.
- 2010 లో భారత ప్రభుత్వం సౌరశక్తిని ప్రోత్సహించడానికి, "జవహర్లాల్ నెహ్రూ జాతీయ సౌర మిషన్ (JNNSM)" అని పిలువబడే ఒక జాతీయ మిషన్‌ను ప్రవేశపెట్టారు (launched). మిషన్‌ను మరియు దాని ప్రధాన లక్ష్యాలు (objectives) ను వివరించండి.

OR/లేదా

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

Value Addition:

National Action Plan on Climate Change (NAPCC)

The National Action Plan on Climate Change (NAPCC) is India's comprehensive strategy to address the challenges posed by climate change while simultaneously pursuing its development goals. Launched in 2008, it outlines eight National Missions to guide the country's response to climate change.

Page | 6

Contact : 70756 52127

TGPSC Group-1
Mains Strategic Revision- Environment



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Partial Question:

- **The demand for this question can be met partly from the above attached answers.**

OR/లేదా

3. (B) In 2016, "Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana (PMFBY)" was launched by Govt. of India as an insurance services for farmers for their yield. Describe the role of space technology used in this scheme.

2016 లో భారత ప్రభుత్వం, రైతుల ఉత్పత్తుల కొరకు, "ప్రధాన మంత్రి ఫసల్ భీమా యోజనా (PMFBY)" అనబడే భీమా సేవలను ప్రారంభించారు. ఈ పథకంలో ఉపయోగించబడిన అంతరిక్ష సాంకేతికత పాత్రను వర్ణించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

2. Discuss the various applications of the Indian Space Program with a special emphasis on Industrial, Agricultural and Rural Development.

Answer:

Approach to Write the Answer:

- In the Introduction say that, the Indian Space Programme has been instrumental in the country's technological advancement since its inception
- In the Body talk, about the applications of the Indian Space Program with in Industrial, Agricultural and Rural Development.
- Conclude the answer by saying that the Indian Space Programme has gone beyond its primary mission of space exploration to become a catalyst for socio-economic development in India.

Direct Question:

- Just link it to PMFBY.

4.

a.

TGPSC Question:

వర్ణించండి.

4. (A) The nano-technology, an advanced technology is gaining attention for futuristic solutions for several problems. Describe its scope and usage for providing solution for the problems related to environment.

నానో-టెక్నాలజీ అనబడే ఒక అధునాతన సాంకేతికత, అనేక సమస్యల భవిష్యత్ పరిష్కారాల కోసం అందరి దృష్టిని ఆకర్షిస్తున్నది. నానో-టెక్నాలజీ పరిధి మరియు పర్యావరణానికి సంబంధించిన సమస్యల పరిష్కారానికి ఏ విధంగా ఉపయోగపడుతో వివరించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

3. Outline the key features of the Indian Government's Mission on Nanoscience and Technology. Discuss its potential applications in the country's development process.

Answer:

Approach to write the answer:

- In the Introduction, talk about the basics of the Nano Mission.
- In the body, talk about the salient features of the Nano Mission. Also mention the various applications of Nanotechnology in the development of the country.
- Conclude the answer by saying that Continued investment and implementation will be key in realising the full benefits of nanotechnology

4. What do you understand about Nanotechnology ? How is it helping the agricultural and health sector in India?

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- Begin the answer by explaining the concept of Nanotechnology
- In the Body, talk about the application of Nanotechnology in the Agricultural and Health sector by giving relevant examples
- Conclude the answer by saying that with continued investment and innovation nanotechnology can significantly boost India's agricultural productivity and healthcare quality

Introduction:

Nanotechnology is the science, engineering and technology conducted at the nanoscale

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

4. (B) India's "Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas" has published its "National Policy on Bio-fuels" in 2018. Elaborate the Vision, Goals, Strategy and Approach of the policy.

భారతదేశం యొక్క "పెట్రోలియం మరియు సహజ వాయువు మంత్రిత్వ శాఖ", 2018 లో "జీవ-ఇంధనాలపై జాతీయ విధానాన్ని (Policy)" ప్రచురించింది. విధానం యొక్క దృష్టి (Vision), లక్ష్యాలు, వ్యూహం (Strategy) మరియు అవలంబించవలసిన మార్గాల్ని (Approach) విశదీకరించండి.

2

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

4. Discuss the governmental policies and initiatives aimed at promoting the production and consumption of biofuels in India. What is the Global Biofuels alliance? Why is it critical for India?

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, define biofuels and underline its importance.
- In the Body, talk about the various policies and initiatives aimed at promotion of biofuels. Also write about Global Biofuels alliance and its criticality for India.
- Conclude the answer, by saying that Global Biofuels Alliance will be instrumental in realising its bioenergy potential and achieving sustainable development goals.

Introduction:

Biofuel is a fuel that is produced through contemporary biological processes, such as agriculture and anaerobic digestion, rather than fuel produced by geological processes such as those involved in the formation of fossil fuels. They are made from recently

Value Addition:

National Biofuels Policy

1. India's National Biofuels Policy, first introduced in 2018 and amended in 2022, aims to reduce dependence on imported petroleum products by promoting the domestic production and use of biofuels.
2. The policy focuses on both **conventional biofuels (1st generation)** derived from food crops and **advanced biofuels (2nd generation)** made from non-food feedstocks.

Direct Question:

- **Covered elaborately in Value Addition.**

5.

a.

TGPSC Question:

- 5/ (A) The "Ministry of Panchayati Raj" of Govt. of India has launched "SVAMITVA" scheme for mapping of land records. Elaborate the role of space technology to help in accomplishing the goal of the scheme.

భారత ప్రభుత్వ "పంచాయతీ రాజ్ మంత్రిత్వ శాఖ", "SVAMITVA" అనబడే పథకాన్ని భూమి రికార్డుల మ్యాపింగ్ కొరకు ప్రవేశపెట్టింది. పథకం యొక్క లక్ష్యాన్ని సాధించడంలో సహాయపడటానికి అంతరిక్ష సాంకేతికత పాత్రను విశదీకరించండి.

OR/లేదా

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

Not reflected

b.

TGPSC Question:

5. (B) The National strategy for robotics aims to position India as a global leader in robotics to actualize its transformative potential. Elaborate the main focus areas for robotic automation in India.

రోబోటిక్స్ కోసం జాతీయ వ్యూహం, భారతదేశ పరివర్తన సామర్థ్యాన్ని వాస్తవికంగా చేయడానికి ప్రపంచ నాయకుడిగా ఉంచడం లక్ష్యంగా పెట్టుకుంది. భారతదేశంలో రోబోటిక్స్ అటోమేషన్ కోసం ప్రధాన రంగాల (focus areas) ను విశదీకరించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

2. What is Robotics? Discuss the Indian government's efforts to promote robotics in the country. Explore the various sectors where robotics is currently being utilised.

Answer:

Page | 5

Contact : 70756 52127

TGPSC Group-1
Mains Strategic Revision- Science and technology



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Approach to Write the Answer:

- In the Introduction say that, Robotics is a multidisciplinary field that involves the design, construction, operation, and application of robots
- In the Body talk about the Indian Government's Efforts to Promote Robotics. Also talk about the applications of Robotics in various fields.
- Conclude the answer by saying that Robotics is a rapidly evolving field with the potential to transform various sectors and enhance the quality of life in India.

6.

TGPSC Question:

SECTION - II/విభాగం - II

6. Medicinal and Aromatic Plants could contribute immensely to the National Health and Wealth. Critically analyse its role on impacting rural livelihood and empowering women involved in the same.

ఔషధ మరియు సుగంధ మొక్కలు జాతీయ ఆరోగ్యం మరియు సంపదకు ఎంతో దోహదపడతాయి. గ్రామీణ జీవనోపాధిపై ప్రభావం చూపడం మరియు అదే పనిలో నిమగ్నమైన మహిళలను శక్తివంతం చేయడంపై పాత్రను విమర్శనాత్మకంగా విశ్లేషించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

- b. What are the general characteristics of Medicinal and Aromatic plants ?
Discuss their utility for mankind.

Direct Question:

7.

TGPSC Question:

విశ్లేషించండి.

7. Genetic engineering has led to break through in various research areas in solving health issues. Highlight importance of genetic engineering in stem cell manipulation towards its application in regenerative medicine.

జన్యు ఇంజనీరింగ్, ఆరోగ్య సమస్యలను పరిష్కరించడంలో వివిధ పరిశోధనా రంగాలలో సత్ఫలితాల (break through)కు దారి తీసింది. పునరుత్పత్తి ఔషధ అనువర్తనం (application) వైపు స్టేమ్ సెల్ అభినంధానం (manipulation) లో జన్యు ఇంజనీరింగ్ యొక్క ప్రాముఖ్యతను విశదీకరణ (highlight) చేయండి.

2. Stem cell therapy is gaining popularity in India to treat a wide variety of medical conditions. What is Stem Cell therapy? What advantages does it have over other treatments? Discuss its applications in the field of Health and Medicine.

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, talk about the basics of stem cell and Stem cell therapy
- In the Body, talk about the various advantages it has over other treatments. Also talk about the various applications of it in the field of health and Medicine
- In the conclusion, talk about with advance research in stem cells India can pave the way for transformative advancements in health and medicine

Direct Question:

8.

a.

TGPSC Question:

దారి ఆనంది. భూమిపై మునుపటి వికసితరణ (highlight) చేయండి.
జన్య ఇంజనీరింగ్ యొక్క ప్రాముఖ్యతను వికసితరణ (highlight) చేయండి.

8. (A) Conversion of crop residues to bio-fuel is a potential method to reduce air pollution. Discuss.
పంట అవశేషాలను జీవ ఇంధనంగా మార్చడం వాయు కాలుష్యాన్ని తగ్గించడానికి ఒక సంభావ్య పద్ధతి.
చర్చించండి.

OR/లేదా

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

2. What are Biofuels? Discuss the various methods in which they are cultivated and extracted.

Answer:

Approach to Write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that Biofuels are renewable energy sources derived from living organisms or their metabolic by-products, such as plants, algae, or animal waste.
- In the Body talk about various methods in which they are cultivated and extracted.
- Conclude the answer by saying that the future of biofuels lies in overcoming these challenges and promoting the development and deployment of sustainable and advanced biofuel technologies.

Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

చర్చించండి.

OR/లేదా

8/ (B) Discuss the role of sustainable and organic farming practices towards achieving Food Security in India.

భారతదేశంలో ఆహార భద్రతను సాధించడంలో స్థిరమైన (sustainable) మరియు సేంద్రీయ వ్యవసాయ పద్ధతుల పాత్రను చర్చించండి.

F/ET

Q

3 P.T.O.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes



1. "Organification is the need of the hour to resolve the challenges of agriculture." Elucidate.

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- In the Introduction, say that the statement emphasises the urgent necessity to transition towards organic farming practices.
- In the Body, talk about the various challenges of conventional Agriculture. Also talk about the promise of Organic Farming.
- Conclude the answer, by saying that the call for "organification" reflects the growing recognition that organic farming is not just an alternative but a necessity to address the complex challenges facing agriculture today .

Direct Question:

9.

a.

TGPSC Question:

9. (A) Use of high amount of antibiotic and preservatives in order to increase the shelf life of raw and processed food is a major concern. Critically discuss the food laws and regulations to control the excessive use of antibiotics/preservatives which are causing wide-range of health issues.

ముడి (raw) మరియు ప్రాసెస్ (processed) చేసిన ఆహారం యొక్క షెల్ఫ్ జీవితాన్ని (Shelf life) పెంచడానికి అధిక మొత్తంలో యాంటీబయోటిక్ మరియు సంరక్షణకారుల (preservatives) ను ఉపయోగించడం ఒక ప్రధాన ఆందోళన. అనేక రకాల ఆరోగ్య సమస్యలకు కారణమయ్యే యాంటీబయోటిక్/సంరక్షణకారుల అధిక వినియోగాన్ని నియంత్రించడానికి ఆహార చట్టాలు మరియు నిబంధనలను విమర్శనాత్మకంగా చర్చించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

10.

- a. Outline the key features of the Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006.
How does this legislation ensure food safety and quality standards?

Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

9.

- (B) Seasonal outbreak of infectious diseases are very frequent in country like India, which also causes various health issues and economical burden. Analyse the in-time intervention to curb and control their spread with examples like malaria, cholera etc.

భారతదేశం వంటి దేశంలో అంటువ్యాధులు చాలా తరచుగా వ్యాప్తి చెందుతాయి, ఇవి వివిధ ఆరోగ్య సమస్యలు మరియు ఆర్థిక భారాన్ని కూడా కలిగిస్తాయి. వాటి వ్యాప్తిని అరికట్టడానికి మరియు సకాలంలో (in-time) నియంత్రించడానికి మలేరియా, కలరా మొదలైన ఉదాహరణలతో విశ్లేషించండి.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

1. Write a short note on the causes,treatments and methods of prevention of the following Diseases:

- a. Cholera
- b. Diarrhoea
- c. Chikungunya
- d. Dysentery

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- Begin the answer by saying that infectious diseases continue to pose significant public health challenges
- In the Body, talk about the causes,treatments and methods of prevention for the diseases asked in the question
- Conclude by saying that effective management of infectious diseases requires a comprehensive approach

Introduction:

Infectious diseases continue to pose significant health challenges globally, and understanding their causes, treatment options, and preventive measures is crucial for public health.

TGPSC Group-1
Mains Strategic Revision- Science and technology



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IAS STUDY CIRCLE**

3. Write a short note on the causes,treatments and methods of prevention of the following Diseases:

- a. Tuberculosis
- b. Malaria
- c. HIV
- d. Encephalitis

Answer:

Approach to write the Answer:

- Begin the answer by saying that infectious diseases continue to pose significant public health challenges
- In the Body, talk about the causes,treatments and methods of prevention for the diseases asked in the question
- Conclude by saying that effective management of infectious diseases requires a comprehensive approach

Direct Question:

10.

a.

TGPSC Question:

10. (A) "Combined Consideration of Biological and Social processes is necessary for cost effective control of viral infections like bird flu, polio, chikenguniya". Discuss.

బర్డ్ ఫ్లు, పోలియో, చికెన్గున్యా వంటి వైరల్ అంటు వ్యాధుల సమర్థవంతమైన వ్యయ నియంత్రణ కోసం జీవసంబంధ, సామాజిక ప్రక్రియల సమ్మేళన అవసరాన్ని చర్చించండి.

OR/లేదా

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

9.

- a. What is 'One Health Approach'? Highlight the steps taken by India to promote it. How can it help India to respond to health crises better?

Answer:

Introduction:

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- b. Explain the causes of Bird Flu and its impact on the human body. What challenges arise in taking preventive measures during outbreaks? How can these be addressed innovatively?

Answer:

Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

10. (B) Frequent recurrence of endemics/pandemics are causing critical health issues. Covid-19 outbreak recently has caused millions of human deaths world wide. Discuss the vaccine production and immunization program in Indian perspective.

స్థానిక వైరస్/ప్రపంచ వ్యాప్త వైరస్ (endemics/pandemics) తరచుగా పునరావృత్తం కావడం వల్ల క్లిష్టమైన ఆరోగ్య సమస్యలు తలెత్తుతున్నాయి. కోవిడ్-19 వ్యాప్తి ఇటీవల ప్రపంచ వ్యాప్తంగా మిలియన్ల మంది మానవ మరణాలకు కారణమైంది. భారతదేశ ధృక్పథంలో వ్యాక్సిన్ ఉత్పత్తి మరియు రోగనిరోధకత కార్యక్రమాన్ని చర్చించండి.

F/ET

Q

4

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

7. How do conventional vaccine production methods differ from modern approaches in the creation of COVID-19 vaccines? Discuss their respective strengths and challenges.

Answer:

Introduction:

The rapid development and deployment of COVID-19 vaccines stand as a testament to the remarkable progress in medical science. This achievement was made possible by utilizing both conventional and modern vaccine production methods, each with distinct characteristics, strengths, and challenges.

Body:

Direct Question:

PAPER V (Data Interpretation): Total Questions Reflected : 27 out of 30

Data Interpretation:

TGPSC Question:

Q.11

11. Two pipes A and B when opened simultaneously can fill an empty tank in 72 minutes. When the tank is initially empty, only pipe A is opened for 15 minutes. Next pipe A is closed and only pipe B is opened for 15 minutes. For filling the remaining part of the tank, if pipe A alone takes 76 minutes and pipe B alone takes K hours L minutes, then what are the factors the number (K+L) ?

A మరియు B అనే రెండు కుళాయిలను ఒకే సారి వదిలివేస్తే ఒకటిగా ఉన్న తొట్టను 72 నిమిషాల్లో నింపగలవు. తొట్టి తాళగా ఉన్నప్పుడు, 15 నిమిషాల పాటు కుళాయి A ను మాత్రమే వదిలారు. తరువాత, కుళాయి A ను మూసి వేసి కుళాయి B ను మాత్రమే 15 నిమిషాల పాటు వదిలారు. తొట్టి యొక్క మిగిలిన భాగాన్ని నింపడానికి కుళాయి A ను మాత్రమే వదిలితే 76 నిమిషాలు తీసుకుంటుంది మరియు కుళాయి B ను మాత్రమే వదిలితే K గంటల L నిమిషాలు తీసుకుంటే, అప్పుడు (K+L) అనే సంఖ్య యొక్క కారణాలు ఏవి ?

Chapter: TIME and WORK

Topic: pipes and cisterns

Sub-Topic: Divided work

Status: COVERED IN CLASS

Q.12

TGPSC Question:

12. On a circular track of 2 km, two persons A and B are running in clockwise direction with speeds 10 km/hr and 7 km/hr respectively. Another person C is running in anti-clockwise direction with the speed of 5 km/hr. If all the three start running from the same point and same time, after how much time all the three persons meet for the first time ?

రెండు కిలోమీటర్ల ఒక వృత్తాకారపు బాటపై ఇద్దరు వ్యక్తులు A మరియు B లు వరుసగా 10 కి.మీ./గం. మరియు 7 కి.మీ./గం. వేగంతో సవ్య దిశలో పరిగిచుచున్నారు. అదేసమయంలో 5 కి.మీ./గం. వేగంతో C అను వ్యక్తి పరిగిచిచున్నారు. ఆ ముగ్గురూ ఒకే బోటు, ఒకే సారి పరుగును పూర్తిచేస్తే, ఎంత కాలం తర్వాత ఆ ముగ్గురూ మొదటి సారిగా ఒకే బోటు కలుసుకుంటారు ?

Chapter: TIME AND DISTANCE

Topic: Races and Games

Sub-Topic: Circular Tracks

Status: COVERED IN CLASS

Q.13.

TGPSC Question:

13. Two persons P and Q started a 300 meter race. Initially the speeds of P and Q are in the ratio 1 : 2. After 't' seconds, P quadrupled (four times) his speed and as a result, both of them reached the endpoint at same instant of time. But after 't' seconds, if P tripled his speed he would have lost the race by 5 seconds. What is the value of 't' ?

ఇద్దరు వ్యక్తులు P మరియు Q లు 300 మీటర్ల పరుగుపందెం ప్రారంభించారు. ప్రారంభంలో P మరియు Q ల వేగాల నిష్పత్తి 1 : 2. t సెకన్ల తర్వాత P తన వేగాన్ని నాలుగు రెట్లు చేయగా, ఇరువురు గమ్యస్థానాన్ని ఒకే సారి చేరారు. కాని t సెకన్ల తర్వాత, P తన వేగాన్ని మూడు రెట్లు చేస్తే, 5 సెకన్ల తేడాతో, పరుగుపందెంను P ఓడిపోయి ఉండేవాడు. అప్పుడు t విలువ ఎంత ?

Q.14.

TGPSC Question:

14. A person P bought vegetables and fruits whose cost prices per kg are in the ratio 1 : 3. P sold 50 kg of vegetables and 25 kg of fruits to another person Q thereby getting a profit of 20% on vegetables and 40% on fruits. Q observed that 20 kg of vegetables and 10 kg of fruits are rotten. He discarded those rotten items and sold the remaining entire lot of vegetables and fruits at a rate of Rs. 440 per kg and thereby he got a profit of $33\frac{1}{3}\%$. What is the cost price per kg of fruits for P ?

కిలోగ్రాముకి కొన్న ధరలు 1 : 3 నిష్పత్తిలో ఉన్న కూరగాయలు మరియు పండ్లను P అనే వ్యక్తి కొనుగోలు చేసాడు. కూరగాయలపై 20% లాభం, పండ్లపై 40% లాభం వచ్చేటట్లు 50 kg ల కూరగాయలను మరియు 25 kg ల పండ్లను మరో వ్యక్తి Q కు P విక్రయించాడు. వాటిలో 20 kg ల కూరగాయలు, 10 kg ల పండ్లు కుళ్ళి పోయినట్లుగా Q గుర్తించాడు. ఈ కుళ్ళిన వాటిని మినహాయించి, మిగిలిన కూరగాయలు మరియు పండ్లు అన్నింటినీ గంపగుత్తగా కిలోగ్రాము 440 రూపాయలకు అమ్ముగా $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ లాభం Q పొందాడు. P కిలోగ్రాము పండ్లను కొన్న ధర ఎంత ?

Chapter: PROFIT and LOSS

Topic: mixture

Sub-Topic: finding profit percentage

Status: **COVERED IN CLASS**

Q.15.

TGPSC Question:

15. A person Y borrowed some money of Rs. 8000/- for simple interest at the rate of 6% per annum for the first 3 years, 9% per annum for next 5 years and 13% per annum for the period beyond these 8 years. If the total interest paid by Y at the end of n^{th} year is Rs. 8160/- then find the value of n.

మొదటి మూడు సంవత్సరాలకు సాలీన 6% చొప్పున, తదుపరి అయిదు సంవత్సరాలకు సాలీన 9% చొప్పున, ఈ ఎనిమిది సంవత్సరాల కాలం దాటిన కాలానికి సాలీన 13% చొప్పున సామాన్య వడ్డీకి Y అనే వ్యక్తి రూ॥ 8000 లు అప్పు తీసుకున్నాడు. n వ సంవత్సరం పూర్తి అయిన వెంటనే Y చెల్లించిన వడ్డీ రూ॥ 8160 లు అయితే, n విలువ కనుక్కోండి.

Chapter: SIMPLE INTEREST

Topic: simple interest

Sub-Topic: compounding

Status: **COVERED IN CLASS**

Q.16.

TGPSC Question:

16. The average of 7 distinct natural numbers is 26. The average of the least two numbers is 16. The average of the largest two numbers is 36. Sum of smallest and largest is 52. Sum of the squares of the middle three numbers is 2084. If all the 7 numbers are even and written in increasing order, what is the 3rd number counted from the largest number ?

ఏడు విభిన్న సహజ సంఖ్యల సరాసరి 26. కనిష్ఠ రెండు సంఖ్యల సరాసరి 16. గరిష్ఠ రెండు సంఖ్యల సరాసరి 36. కనిష్ఠ మరియు గరిష్ఠ సంఖ్యల మొత్తం 52. మధ్యలో ఉన్న మూడు సంఖ్యల వర్గాల మొత్తము 2084. ఈ ఏడు సంఖ్యలు సరి సంఖ్యలు అయి మరియు వాటిని ఆరోహణ క్రమంలో వ్రాస్తే, గరిష్ఠ సంఖ్య నుండి లెక్కించగా, 3వ సంఖ్య ఏది ?

Chapter: AVERAGE

Topic: average

Sub-Topic: based on numbers

Status: **COVERED IN CLASS**

Q.17.

TGPSC Question:

17. A four digit number LMNP is such that its digits follow $M + N = P$, $L + M + 1 = P$, and $3(1 + N) = P$. Find the sum of the two numbers LMNP and PNML.

LMNP అనే నాలుగు అంకెల సంఖ్యలోని అంకెలు $M + N = P$, $L + M + 1 = P$, $3(1 + N) = P$ అయ్యేట్లుగా ఉండే. LMNP మరియు PNML అనే సంఖ్యల మొత్తం కనుక్కోండి.

Chapter: LOGICAL REASONING

Q.19.

TGPSC Question:

19. Five persons P, Q, R, S and T sat around table such that all are facing the centre of the table. P is diametrically opposite to T. R and T are neighbours of Q. If there is only one person to the right of P and to the left of T, then find the possible order in which they sat in anticlockwise direction starting from R.

అయిదుగురు వ్యక్తులు P, Q, R, S మరియు T లు ఒక వృత్తాకార బల్ల చుట్టూ, బల్ల కేంద్రానికి అభిముఖంగా కూర్చుని ఉన్నారు. ఒక వ్యాసం వెంబడి T కి ఎదురుగా P ఉన్నాడు. Q కి ఇరుగుపొరుగున (ఇరువైపుల) R మరియు T లు ఉన్నారు. P కి కుడివైపున మరియు T కు ఎడమవైపున ఒకే వ్యక్తి ఉంటే, వారు అవసరమైన దిశలో R తో మొదలుగా కూర్చున్న వరుసక్రమం వ్రాయండి.

Chapter: LOGICAL AND ANALYTICAL ABILITY

Topic: seating Arrangement

Sub-Topic: Circular seating Arrangement

Status: **COVERED IN CLASS**

Q.20.

TGPSC Question:

20. Least Common Multiple (LCM) of three numbers which are in the ratio 3 : 4 : 5 is 720. If a triangle has these three numbers as its length of sides (in cm) and P (cm) is the perimeter and A (sq. cm.) is the area of the triangle; then find by what percentage numerically A is more than P ?

3 : 4 : 5 నిష్పత్తిలో ఉన్న మూడు సంఖ్యల కనిష్ట సామాన్య గుణిజము (క.సా.గు.) 720. ఈ మూడు సంఖ్యలు ఒక త్రిభుజము యొక్క భుజముల కొలతలు (సె.మీ.) అయి, P త్రిభుజము చుట్టుకొలత మరియు A ఆ త్రిభుజము యొక్క వైశాల్యం అయితే, సంఖ్యాత్మకంగా P కంటే, A ఎంత శాతం ఎక్కువ ?

Chapter: PERCENTAGE

Topic: mensuration

Sub-Topic: Pythagoras theorem

Status: **COVERED IN CLASS**

Q.21.

TGPSC Question:

21. Mr. V travels 2400 km per month on his car and the car gives a mileage of 18 km per litre. The petrol prices shoot up by 8%. If the price of petrol before the hike in price is Rs. 112 per litre, find by how many kms (approximately) Mr. V need to reduce his travel so as to have the same expenditure before and after the hike in petrol ?

Mr. V, నెలకు అతని కారు పై 2400 కి.మీ. ప్రయాణిస్తాడు. ఒక లీటరు పెట్రోలుతో ఆ కారు 18 కి.మీ. ప్రయాణిస్తుంది. పెట్రోలు ధరలు 8% పెరిగాయి. ధర పెరుగుదలకు ముందు లీటరు పెట్రోలు ధర రూ॥ 112 లు. పెట్రోలు ధరల పెంపుకు ముందు, తర్వాత పెట్రోలుపై ఒకే ఖర్చు ఉండడానికి Mr. V ఎన్ని కిలోమీటర్లు (ఉజ్జాయింపుగా) తన ప్రయాణాన్ని తగ్గించుకోవాలి ?

Chapter: PERCENTAGE

Topic: compounding

Sub-Topic: $A \times B = C$

Status: **COVERED IN CLASS**

Q.22.

TGPSC Question:

22. Three vessels upto their maximum capacity are filled with a mixture of water and milk. The ratio of milk and water in the three vessels are respectively 3 : 1; 5 : 3; and 3 : 5. The ratio of the capacities of the three vessels are respectively 2 : 3 : K. If the mixture in all the three vessels are mixed in another larger vessel then the ratio of milk and water is 21 : 19.

Find the Greatest Common Divisor (GCD) of K^2 , 2^K and $2K$.

మూడు పాత్రలను పూర్తిగా వాటి గరిష్ట పరిమాణం వరకు నీళ్లు, పాలు మిశ్రమంతో నింపారు. ఆ మూడు పాత్రలలోని మిశ్రమంలో పాలు, నీళ్ళ నిష్పత్తులు వరుసగా 3 : 1; 5 : 3; మరియు 3 : 5. మూడు పాత్రల పరిమాణాల నిష్పత్తి వరుసగా 2 : 3 : K గా ఉన్నాయి. మరియు పెద్ద పాత్రలో మూడు పాత్రలలోని పాలు, నీళ్ళ మిశ్రమాన్ని కలుపగా అప్పుడు పాలు, నీళ్ళ నిష్పత్తి 21 : 19 గా ఉంది.

K^2 , 2^K మరియు $2K$ ల యొక్క గరిష్ట సామాన్య భాజకము (గ.సా.భా.) కనుక్కోండి.

Chapter: RATIO-PROPORTION

Topic: mixtures

Sub-Topic: different Volumes

Status: **COVERED IN CLASS**

Q.23.

TGPSC Question:

23. Seven hotels P, Q, R, S, T, U and V prepare seven special dishes A, B, C, D, E, F and G on the five days from Monday to Friday. Either one or two dishes will be prepared on anyone of these days. Hotel Q prepares dish D on Tuesday. Hotel S prepares on Friday a dish which is neither dish A nor dish B. Hotel U prepares dish C but neither on Thursday nor on Friday. Hotel P prepares dish G on the same day on which dish C is prepared. Hotel R prepares dish E on Monday. Dishes A and D be prepared on Tuesday. Hotel V prepares a dish on Thursday.

With this data, fill the following table with proper combination of Hotels, dishes and days.

Day	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri
Hotel(s)					
Dish(es)					

సోమవారం నుండి శుక్రవారం వరకు గల అయిదు రోజులలో ఏడు ప్రత్యేక వంటకాలు A, B, C, D, E, F మరియు G లను, ఏడు హోటళ్ళు P, Q, R, S, T, U మరియు V లు తయారు చేస్తాయి. ఏ రోజైనా ఒకటి లేదా రెండు వంటకాలు తయారు చేయబడతాయి. మంగళవారం వంటకం D ను హోటల్ Q తయారుచేస్తుంది. శుక్రవారం రోజున హోటల్ S వంటకం A మరియు వంటకం B లు కాకుండా ఒకే ఒక వంటకాన్ని తయారు చేస్తుంది. హోటల్ U, వంటకం C ను గురువారం మరియు శుక్రవారం కాని రోజున తయారు చేస్తుంది. వంటకం C తయారు చేయబడిన రోజునే వంటకం G ను హోటల్ P తయారు చేస్తుంది. సోమవారం రోజున వంటకం E ను హోటల్ R తయారు చేస్తుంది. వంటకం A మరియు D లు మంగళవారం తయారు చేయబడతాయి. హోటల్ V ఒక వంటకాన్ని గురువారం తయారు చేస్తుంది.

ఈ దత్తాంశంతో, క్రింది పట్టికను హోటల్, వంటకం, రోజులతో సరిగా కూర్చండి.

రోజులు	సోమవారం	మంగళవారం	బుధవారం	గురువారం	శుక్రవారం
హోటల్ / హోటళ్ళు					
వంటకం/ వంటకాలు					

Chapter: ANALYTICAL AND CRITICAL REASONING

Topic: analytical reasoning

Sub-Topic: classification

Status: **COVERED IN CLASS**

Q.24.

TGPSC Question:

24. Among P, Q, R, S, T and U, three are males and rest are females. P is father of R and only sibling of T. Q is mother of S and sister-in-law of P. Only one of P and T has one daughter and one son. U is one of these two children. If gender of U is female, then how many grandsons the father of P has?

P, Q, R, S, T మరియు U లలో మగవారు ముగ్గురు, స్త్రీలు ముగ్గురు. R యొక్క తండ్రి P, T కు ఏకైక తోబాక్క. S కు తల్లి అయిన Q, P యొక్క మరదలు/దండన. P మరియు T లలో ఒకరికి ముగ్గురు ఒక కుమార్తె, ఒక కుమారుడు ఉన్నారని మరియు ఆ కుటుంబంలో ఒకరు U. U స్త్రీ అయితే, P యొక్క తండ్రికి ఎంత మంది కుమారులు ?

Note : Study the following information to answer question 25 and 26 :

The criteria for admitting a student in the first year of Bachelor of Commerce Course are as given below :

The student must :

- have passed XII Standard with atleast 80% marks.
- not have more than 20 years of age as on 1st August 2024.
- have secured more than 90 marks out of 150 marks at the entrance test.
- be able to pay Rs. 1,25,000 tuition fee in I semester and Rs. 15,000 admission fee at the time of admission.

In case a student fails to satisfy :

- (III) above, but will be able to pay extra atleast 60% of the tuition fee, then the application may be referred to the admission committee.
- (IV) above, but scores atleast 95% marks at XII standard, then the application may be referred to the chairman of admissions committee.

Give decision whether the admission can be given or not into Bachelor degree based on the information and do not assume anything. If the information provided is not adequate write it as 'data inadequate'.

గమనిక : క్రింది దత్తాంశాన్ని చదివి, ప్రశ్నలు 25 మరియు 26 లకు జవాబులు పూయండి.

ఒక విద్యార్థి చాణ్సెలర్‌షిప్‌లో స్కాలర్‌షిప్ టీగ్రీలో ప్రవేశం పొందడానికి ఈ క్రింది నిబంధనలు అన్వయిస్తాయి.

విద్యార్థి :

- కనీసం 80% మార్కులతో, XII తరగతిలో ఉత్తీర్ణత పొంది ఉండాలి.
- జూలై 1, 2024 నాటికి 20 సంవత్సరాలకు పైబడిన వయస్సు ఉండకూడదు.
- ప్రవేశ పరీక్షలో 150 మార్కులకు గాను 90 కంటే ఎక్కువ మార్కులు పొంది ఉండాలి.
- ప్రవేశ సమయంలో మొదటి సెమిస్టర్‌కు రూ. 1,25,000 లు చోడూ రుసుము మరియు ప్రవేశ రుసుము రూ. 15,000 లు కట్టవలసి ఉండాలి.

ఒక చేత విద్యార్థి పైని చెప్పిన నిబంధన :

- (III) ఉత్తీర్ణతపరతకి చోకే చోడూ రుసుము కంటే కనీసం 60% ఎక్కువ చోడూ రుసుము కట్టు కలిగితే, జాబి దరఖాస్తుని ప్రవేశ కమిటీకి నివేదించాలి.
- (IV) ఉత్తీర్ణతపరతకి చోకే XII లో కనీసం 95% మార్కులు పొందినై జాబి దరఖాస్తుని, ప్రవేశం కమిటీ నైర్దేశించు దివేదించాలి.

"అన్నిట దత్తాంశం పై ఆధారపడి ఏ జవాబునక దత్తాంశాన్ని పేనుకోకుండా స్కాలర్‌షిప్ టీగ్రీలో ప్రవేశం అన్వయిస్తో లేదో అనే నిర్ణయాన్ని తెలుపండి. నిర్ణయించడానికి అన్నిట దత్తాంశం పరిశోధనాక, దత్తాంశము తగినంత లేదు" అని వ్రాయండి.

Chapter: ANALYTICAL AND CRITICAL REASONING

Topic: analytical reasoning

Sub-Topic: Blood-relations

Status: **COVERED IN CLASS**

Q.25-26

TGPSC Question:

25. A student X born on 25th September 2004, secured 67% marks in entrance test and got 765 marks out of 900 in his XII standard. He is rich enough to pay any fee demanded.

ఒక విద్యార్థి X, 25 సెప్టెంబర్ 2004 న జన్మించి, ప్రవేశ పరీక్షలో 67% మార్కులు XII తరగతిలో 900 మార్కులకు గాను 765 మార్కులు పొందారు. ఎంతటి రుసుమును అయినా అతను చెల్లించే స్థితిమత కలిగి ఉన్నాడు.

26. A student Y born on 20th July 2003, secured 54% marks in entrance test and got 800 marks out of 900 in his XII standard. He can pay any amount towards tuition and admission fee.

ఒక విద్యార్థి Y, 20 జూలై 2003 న జన్మించి, ప్రవేశ పరీక్షలో 54% మార్కులు మరియు XII తరగతిలో 900 మార్కులకు గాను 800 మార్కులు పొందాడు. చోడూ రుసుము, ప్రవేశ రుసుములు ఎంత మొత్తం అయినా అతను చెల్లించగలడు.

Chapter: DECISION MAKING AND PROBLEM SOLVING

Topic: Analytical Decision-Making

Sub-Topic: Selection criteria

Status: **COVERED IN CLASS**

Q.27.

TGPSC Question:

27. The probabilities for P, Q, R to hit a target when shot with a gun are respectively $\frac{3}{7}$, $\frac{2}{5}$ and $\frac{3}{8}$. If all of the aim at the same target, what are the probabilities that the target is (i) hit (ii) hit by any two of them.

ఒక తుపాకీతో గురిచూపి కాల్చినప్పుడు, లక్ష్యంను చేదించడానికి P, Q, R లకు గల సంభావ్యతలు వరుసగా $\frac{3}{7}$, $\frac{2}{5}$ మరియు $\frac{3}{8}$. ఒకే లక్ష్యాన్ని ముగ్గురూ చేదించడానికి ప్రయత్నిస్తే, ఆ లక్ష్యం (i) చేదించబడడానికి (ii) ఏ ఇద్దరు అయినా చేదించడానికి సంభావ్యతలు ఎంత ?

Note : Using following data answer the questions 28 and 29.
The following table gives the information about the population and literacy percentage for different cities.

City	Population (in lakhs)	Percentage of male population	Percentage of Literacy among female population	Percentage of illiterate population
P	600	65%	60%	45%
Q	800	60%	55%	40%
R	500	44%	45%	42%
S	400	40%	35%	60%
T	240	45%	25%	55%

గమనిక : ఈ క్రింది దత్తాంశాన్ని ఉపయోగించి 28, 29 ప్రశ్నలకు జవాబివ్వండి.
క్రింది పట్టిక విభిన్న నగరాల యొక్క జనాభా, అక్షరాస్యత శాతం గురించి సమాచారం అందించింది.

నగరం	జనాభా (లక్షలలో)	పురుషుల జనాభా శాతం	స్త్రీల జనాభాలో అక్షరాస్యత శాతం	నిరక్షరాస్యుల జనాభా శాతం
P	600	65%	60%	45%
Q	800	60%	55%	40%
R	500	44%	45%	42%
S	400	40%	35%	60%
T	240	45%	25%	55%

Chapter: PROBABILITY

Topic: probability

Sub-Topic: Analytical

Status: COVERED IN CLASS

Q.28-29

TGPSC Question:

28. What is the sum of literate males in cities T and Q ?

T మరియు Q నగరాలలో పురుష అక్షరాస్యుల మొత్తం ఎంత ?

29. What is the total number of illiterate females for all the 6 cities together ?

ఆరు నగరాలలో కలిపి, మొత్తం మహిళా నిరక్షరాస్యుల సంఖ్య ఎంత ?

Chapter: DATA- INTERPRETATION

Topic: Tabular graph

Sub-Topic: compounding data

Status: COVERED IN CLASS

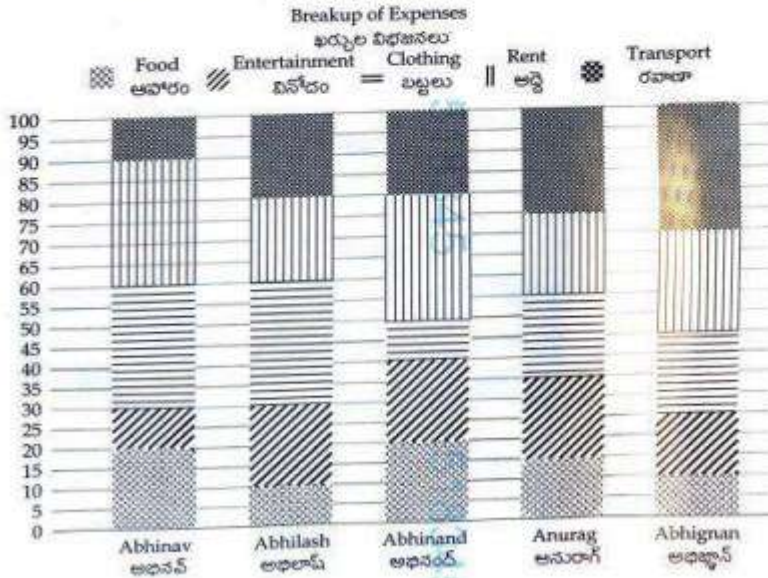
Q.30-31
TGPSC Question:

Note : Using the following data answer the questions 30 and 31.

The following bar diagram shows the percentage breakup of expenses of Abhinav, Abhilash, Abhinand, Anurag and Abhignan on food, entertainment, clothing, rent and transport.

గమనిక : క్రింది దశాంశమును ఉపయోగించి ప్రశ్నలు 30 మరియు 31లకు జవాబులు వ్రాయండి.

అభినవ్, అభిలాష్, అభినంద్, అనురాగ్ మరియు అభిజ్ఞాన్ లకు ఆహారం, వినోదం, బట్టలు, అద్దె మరియు రవాణాలపై ఖర్చుల శాతంను క్రింది బార్ పటముతో చూపబడినవి.



30. If Abhinav's expenditure on rent is Rs. 10,000, Anurag's expenditure on food is Rs. 8,000. What is thrice the difference between entertainment expenditure of Abhinav and Anurag ?

అభినవ్ కు అద్దెపై ఖర్చు రూ. 10,000 లు, అనురాగ్ కు ఆహారంపై ఖర్చు రూ. 8,000 లు అయితే, అభినవ్, అనురాగ్ లకు వినోదంపై ఖర్చుల భేదంకు మూడు రెట్లు ఎంత ?

31. The clothing expenses of Abhilash and Abhignan are in the ratio 4 : 7. If the expenditure of Abhilash on transport is Rs. 12,000, what is the expenditure of Abhignan on rent ?

బట్టలపై అభిలాష్ మరియు అభిజ్ఞాన్ ల ఖర్చుల నిష్పత్తి 4 : 7. రవాణాపై అభిలాష్ యొక్క ఖర్చు రూ. 12,000 లు అయితే, అద్దెపై అభిజ్ఞాన్ యొక్క ఖర్చు ఎంత ?

Chapter: DATA- INTERPRETATION

Topic: bar graph

Sub-Topic: percentage data

Status: COVERED IN CLASS

Q.32-33

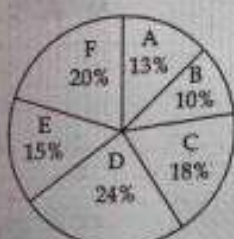
TGPSC Question:

Note : Using the following data answer questions 32 and 33.

The following pie charts show the breakup of the sales of products A, B, C, D, E and F for the years 2020 and 2022. Total sales of all the six types of products in the year 2020 are Rs. 2,00,000. The difference between the total sales of product A for both years and product F for both the years is Rs. 4900.

గమనిక : క్రింది దత్తాంశమును ఉపయోగించి 32 మరియు 33 ప్రశ్నలకు జవాబులు వ్రాయండి.

క్రింది పీ చక్రములు, 2020 మరియు 2022 సంవత్సరాలలో ఉత్పత్తులు A, B, C, D, E, F ల యొక్క అమ్మకాల శాతాలను సూచిస్తాయి. ఆ ఉత్పత్తుల మొత్తం అమ్మకాలు 2020 సంవత్సరంలో రూ. 2,00,000 లు. రెండు సంవత్సరాలలో ఉత్పత్తి A యొక్క అమ్మకాల మొత్తం మరియు రెండు సంవత్సరాలలో ఉత్పత్తి F యొక్క అమ్మకాల మొత్తంల భేదం రూ. 4900 లు.



Sales in 2020
2020 లో అమ్మకాలు



Sales in 2022
2022 లో అమ్మకాలు

32. What is the difference between the Total Sales of 2020 and 2022 ?

2020 మరియు 2022 సంవత్సరాలకు మొత్తం అమ్మకాల మధ్య భేదం ఎంత ?

33. What is the total sales of C and E for the years 2020 and 2022 together ?

2020 మరియు 2022 సంవత్సరాలు రెండింటిలో ఉత్పత్తి C మరియు E ల అమ్మకాల మొత్తం ఎంత ?

Chapter: DATA- INTERPRETATION

Topic: Pie-chart

Sub-Topic: Double pie (Mixed Graph)

Status: **COVERED IN CLASS**

Q.34-35

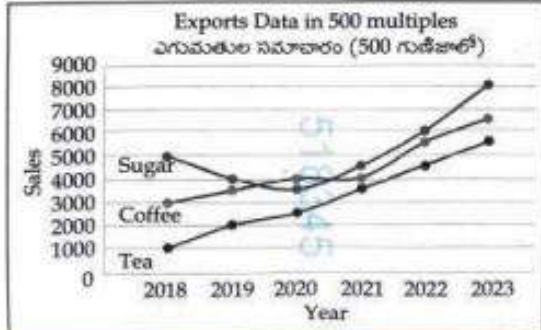
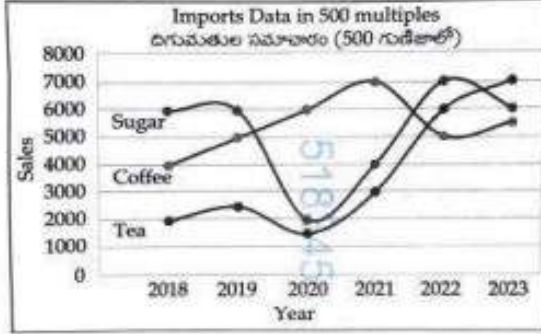
TGPSC Question:

Note : Using the following information, answer the questions 34 and 35.

The following two graphs show the exports and imports (data in metric tonnes) of Tea, Coffee and Sugar of India from 2018 to 2023.

గమనిక : క్రింది సమాచారాన్ని ఉపయోగించి ప్రశ్నలు 34 మరియు 35 ప్రశ్నలకు జవాబులు వ్రాయండి.

సంవత్సరం 2018 నుండి 2023 వరకు టీ, కాఫీ, చందూరల ఎగుమతి, దిగుమతుల (మెట్రిక్ టన్నులలో) సమాచారం క్రింది పటంలో ఇవ్వబడినది.



34. What is the sum of the absolute differences between the total imports and total exports (in metric tonnes) of all the three items in the years having imports of one of the items 4000 ?

ఒక వస్తువులో 4000 దిగుమతులు గల సంవత్సరాలలో మూడు వస్తువుల మొత్తం దిగుమతుల, ఎగుమతుల పరమ భేదాల (మెట్రిక్ టన్నులలో) మొత్తం ఎంత ?

35. Find the average of the absolute value of the differences of exports and imports for all the years for Tea.

అన్ని సంవత్సరాలకు టీ యొక్క ఎగుమతి మరియు దిగుమతుల పరమ భేదాల సరాసరి కనుక్కోండి.

Chapter: DATA- INTERPRETATION

Topic: Line Graph

Sub-Topic: Double line Graph

Status: COVERED IN CLASS

Q.36-37

TGPSC Question:

Note : Using the following information to answer the questions 36 and 37.

Companies P, Q, R, S and T witness different annual growth rates in 2023. Company P recorded the revenue of Rs. 800 Crores in 2022 and achieved 50% growth rate in 2023. Company S experienced the growth rate of 20%. Company Q's revenue in 2023 matched Company S's revenue in 2022. Company R's revenue in 2023 matched company Q's revenue in 2022. Company P's revenue in 2023 was equal to that of Company T in 2022. It is observed that Company T has a growth rate twice the growth rate of Company R. Company T's total revenue is equal to 1.5 times the total revenue of Company P. Company R's total revenue is 1.5 times of the total revenue of T and Company Q's growth rate is 20%.

గమనిక : క్రింది సమాచారాన్ని ఉపయోగించి ప్రశ్నలు 36 మరియు 37 లకు జవాబులు వ్రాయండి.

కంపెనీలు P, Q, R, S మరియు T లకు 2023 వ సంవత్సరంలో విభిన్న రేట్లలో రాబడుల పెరుగుదల ఉంది. కంపెనీ P, 2022 లో రూ. 800 కోట్ల రాబడి కలిగి 2023 లో 50% పెరుగుదల సాధించింది. కంపెనీ S, 20% పెరుగుదలను సమోదా చేసింది. 2023 లో కంపెనీ Q యొక్క రాబడి, 2022 లో కంపెనీ S యొక్క రాబడికి సమానం. 2023 లో కంపెనీ R యొక్క రాబడి, 2022 లో కంపెనీ Q యొక్క రాబడికి సమానం. 2023 లో P యొక్క రాబడి, 2022 లో T యొక్క రాబడికి సమానం. కంపెనీ T యొక్క వృద్ధి రేటు, R యొక్క వృద్ధి రేటుకు రెండు రెట్లుగా గుర్తించారు. T యొక్క మొత్తం రాబడి, P యొక్క మొత్తం రాబడికి 1.5 రెట్లు. R యొక్క మొత్తం రాబడి, T యొక్క మొత్తం రాబడికి 1.5 రెట్లు. Q యొక్క వృద్ధి రేటు 20%.

36. What is the total revenue of all the 5 Companies for 2022 ?

2022 సంవత్సరంలో 5 కంపెనీల యొక్క రాబడుల మొత్తం ఎంత ?

37. Which company has the least increase in the revenues from the year 2022 to year 2023 ?

2022 సంవత్సరం నుండి 2023 సంవత్సరానికి రాబడిలో పెరుగుదల కనిష్టంగా ఉన్న కంపెనీ ఏది ?

Chapter: DATA- ANALYSIS

Topic: data- analysis

Sub-Topic: Tabulation

Status: COVERED IN CLASS

Q.38.

TGPSC Question:

38. Below three Statements followed by four conclusions numbered I, II, III and IV are given. You have to consider the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts and Judge the Conclusions on the basis of it.

Statements :
S1 : All pens are tables
S2 : All tables are chairs
S3 : All pencils are chairs

Conclusions :
I : No pen is a pencil
II : Some pencils are tables
III : Some chairs are pens
IV : Some pencils are pens

క్రింద మూడు ప్రవచనాలు, వాటి వెంటనే I, II, III మరియు IV చే సూచించిన నాలుగు ముగింపు వాక్యాలు ఇవ్వబడ్డాయి. ఇచ్చిన ప్రవచనాలు సాధారణంగా తెలిసిన సత్యాలకు దూరంగా ఉన్నప్పటికీ, వాటిని సత్యంగా భావించి, దాని ఆధారంగా ఏ ముగింపులు అనుసరిస్తాయో నిర్ణయించండి.

ప్రవచనాలు : S1 : కలాలు అన్నీ టేబులు
S2 : టేబులు అన్నీ కుర్చీలు
S3 : పెన్సిల్స్ అన్నీ కుర్చీలు .

ముగింపులు :
I : కలం ఏదీ పెన్సిల్ కాదు
II : కొన్ని పెన్సిల్స్ టేబులు
III : కొన్ని కుర్చీలు కలాలు
IV : కొన్ని పెన్సిల్స్ కలాలు

Chapter: ANALYTICAL AND CRITICAL REASONING

Topic: analytical reasoning

Sub-Topic: Syllogism

Status: COVERED IN CLASS

Q.39.

TGPSC Question:

39. Five friends A, B, C, D and E all were born on 8th October in different years from 1990 to 1994. No two persons were born in the same year. A is elder than B, but younger than E. C is elder than B, but younger than A. D is younger than E but elder than A. On which of the week day A born ?
1990 నుండి 1994 వరకు ఏదోఒక సంవత్సరాల్లో ఆక్టోబర్ 8వ తేదీన అయిదుగురు స్నేహితులు A, B, C, D మరియు E లు జన్మించారు. ఏ జన్మదినం ఒకే సంవత్సరంలో జన్మించలేదు. B కంటే, A పెద్దవాడు కాని E కంటే చిన్నవాడు. B కంటే C పెద్దవాడు కాని A కంటే చిన్నవాడు. E కంటే D చిన్నవాడు కాని A కంటే పెద్దవాడు. వారంలో ఏ రోజున A జన్మించాడు ?

Chapter: ANALYTICAL AND CRITICAL REASONING

Topic: analytical reasoning

Sub-Topic: Ranking

Status: **COVERED IN CLASS**

Q.40.

TGPSC Question:

40. In a code language REASON is coded as TBFLZA. In the same language which word will be coded as XLWMPK.
ఒక కోడ్ భాషలో REASON అనేది TBFLZA గా కోడ్ చేయబడింది. అదే కోడ్ భాషలో ఏ పదం యొక్క కోడ్ XLWMPK అవుతుంది ?

Chapter: MENTAL ABILITY

Topic: coding- Decoding

Sub-Topic: Alphabet- Coding

Status: **COVERED IN CLASS**



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TGPSC GROUP-I

MAINS PAPER - VI

22 OUT OF 24 QUESTIONS

REFLECTED FROM OUR

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PAPER VI: Total Questions Reflected : 22 out of 24

SECTION-I:

- Total Questions Reflected 8 out of 8
- Direct Questions : 7 out of 8
- Questions 2,3(A)&(B),4(A)&(B),5(A)&(B)
- Partial Question: 1(Question 1)

SECTION-II:

- Total Questions Reflected 8 out of 8
- Direct Questions : 7 out of 8
- Questions 6,7,8(A)&(B),9(A)&(B),10(A)
- Partial Question: 1(Question 10(B))

SECTION-III:

- Total Questions Reflected 6 out of 8
- Direct Questions : 5 out of 8
- Questions 11,12,13(A)&(B),14(B)
- Partial Question : Question 15(A)

This document does not provide complete model answers but only shows TGPSC group 1 2024 questions which overlapped with our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching , Strategic Revision for mains and test series .

1.

TGPSC Question:

SECTION - I/విభాగం - I

1. Examine the extent to which the Farman on Mulki Rules issued by the Nizam in 1919 were beneficial in matters of Education and Employment in the Hyderabad State.

1919 లో నిజాం ముల్కీ నిబంధనల పైన జారీ చేసిన ఫర్మాన్ (Farman) హైదరాబాదు రాజ్యంలో విద్య మరియు ఉపాధి రంగాలలో ఏ మేరకు ప్రయోజనకరమైనవో పరిశీలించుము.



1. Analyze the key provisions of the Farman of 1919 issued by Mir Osman Ali Khan.

Evaluate the role of this Farman in shaping the civil services structure of Hyderabad state.

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly write about the historical background and significance of Farman of 1919
- In the body, explain the key provisions of the Farman of 1919 issued by Mir Osman Ali Khan. And write the impact of this Farman in shaping the civil services structure of Hyderabad
- Conclude by talking about the significance of this Farman in addressing the Mulki-Non-Mulki issue

2. Examine the implications of Mir Osman Ali Khan's employment policies on the Mulki-Non-Mulki issue. How did these policies attempt to balance the interests of locals and non-locals in Hyderabad state?

Approach to write the Answer:



- In introduction, briefly mention about Mir Osman Ali Khan's employment and civil services policies
- In the body, mention Mir Osman Ali Khan's employment policies and its implications on the Mulki-Non-Mulki issue. And mention the role of these policies in balancing the interests of locals and non-locals in Hyderabad state
- Conclude the answer by highlighting the significance of Mir Osman Ali Khan's employment policies in resolving Mulki-Non-Mulki issue in the state

Partial Question:

- **Education part is not covered.**

2.

TGPSC Question:

2. Give an account of the circumstances under which the Telangana Praja Samithi was formed and assess its work in the wake of Telangana movement.

తెలంగాణ ప్రజా సమితి ఏర్పాటుకు దారితీసిన పరిస్థితులను వివరిస్తూ తెలంగాణ ఉద్యమ నేపథ్యంలో దాని కృషిని అంచనా వేయుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

- b. Analyze the impact of the formation of Telangana Praja Samithi and G.O. 36 on the broader Telangana movement. Did these efforts represent genuine attempts at addressing regional disparities or were they mere political compromises?

Direct Question:

3.

a.

TGPSC Question:

3. (A) "The unique geographical, political, social and economic features helped Telangana to assert its distinct cultural identity". Discuss.

"తెలంగాణ యొక్క ప్రత్యేక భౌగోళిక, రాజకీయ, సాంఘిక మరియు ఆర్థిక లక్షణాలు తెలంగాణకు విస్తృతమైన సాంస్కృతిక గుర్తింపు ధృవపరుచు కోసేందుకు సహకరించాయి". చర్చించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes



- 1. What are the significant historical events in the Hyderabad Princely State that influenced Telangana culture? Throw light on the unique culture of Telangana in the princely state of Hyderabad.**

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about Hyderabad princely state and uniqueness of Telangana region
- In the body, explain the important historical events in the Hyderabad Princely State that influenced Telangana regions' culture. And also mention uniqueness of culture of Telangana in Hyderabad princely state.
- Conclude by talking about how did this uniqueness of the region lead to formation of separate Telangana state

- 2. What are the major geographical features that define the Telangana region within the Hyderabad Princely State? Discuss the evolutionary sequence of districts in Telangana Region.**

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly mention about the geographical features of Telangana region
- In the body, write all the major geographical features that define the Telangana region within the Hyderabad Princely State. Also mention the evolutionary sequence of districts in Telangana Region from Nizam's reign
- Conclude the answer by writing geographical significance as well as advantage that the region holds.

Introduction:

Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

3. (B) "The appointment of the States Reorganisation Commission (SRC) was in the backdrop of the growing demand for the establishment of Linguistic States in the Country" - Comment.

“రాష్ట్రాల పునర్విభజన కమిషన్ (ఎస్.ఆర్.సి.), భాషా ప్రయుక్త రాష్ట్రాల స్థాపన కై దేశ వ్యాప్తంగా పెరిగిన ఆకాంక్షల నేపథ్యంలో నియమించబడింది” - వ్యాఖ్యానించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes



3. Examine the key events and political developments that led to the establishment of the States Reorganization Commission (SRC) in 1953. Discuss the responses of major political leaders to the formation of the SRC.

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about the formation of States Reorganization Commission (SRC) in 1953 and its mandate
- In the body, write important events and political developments that led to the establishment of the States Reorganization Commission (SRC) in 1953. Also talk about the responses of major political leaders to the formation of the SRC
- Conclude by mentioning the significance of this States Reorganization Commission (SRC) in socio-political history of Telangana and Andhra regions



4. Throw light on the main findings of the States Reorganization Commission (SRC) report. In this context, analyze the positive arguments presented by the SRC for creating Vishalandhra. How did the commission justify this reorganization in terms of economic development, administrative efficiency, and regional integration?

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about the States Reorganization Commission and its report
- In the body, write the main findings of the States Reorganization Commission. Also mention the positive arguments presented by the SRC for creating Vishalandhra in terms of economic development, administrative efficiency, and regional integration
- Conclude by briefly mentioning the impact of this commission in shaping the future course of events in both the regions

1. What were the primary arguments in favor of the formation of a separate Telangana state? How did States Reorganization Commission (SRC) justify them?

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about the formation and mandate of the States Reorganization Commission (SRC)
- In the body, explain the primary arguments in favor of the formation of a separate Telangana state along with suitable examples and data points given by SRC in its report
- Conclude by talking about the significance of SRC report in the reorganization of two states

Direct Question:

4.

a.

TGPSC Question:

4

(A) "The safeguards given to Telangana in the 'Gentlemen's Agreement' fulfilled the aspirations of the people". Analyse.

“పెద్ద మనుషుల ఒప్పందం’లో తెలంగాణకు కల్పించబడిన రక్షణలు ప్రజల ఆకాంక్షలను సంతృప్తి పరిచింది. విపులీకరించుము”. విశ్లేషించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

2. The Gentlemen's Agreement of 1956 provided the safeguards for preventing discrimination against Telangana region. In this context, discuss the key provisions of this agreement.

Approach to write the Answer:

Page | 4

Contact : 70756 52127

TGPSC Group-1
Mains Strategic Revision- Telangana Movement



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- In introduction, briefly talk about the Gentlemen's Agreement of 1956 along with its objective
- In the body, briefly substantiate the first the statement given in the question. Then, mention the 14 key provisions of the Gentlemen's Agreement in detail along with its sub-provisions.
- Conclude the answer by mentioning the significance of this agreement in the political history of both regions

3. Analyze the significance of Gentlemen's agreement of 1956 in the context of the unification of Andhra and Telangana. How did these provisions address the concerns of both regions?

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about the Gentlemen's agreement of 1956 and its main objective.



- In the body, write the significance of Gentlemen's agreement of 1956 in the context of the unification of Andhra and Telangana. Also mention how these provisions addressed the concerns of both regions
- Conclude by mentioning the significance and legacy of this agreement

Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

4. (B) "Telangana's economic interests particularly in agriculture, irrigation and power were highly discriminated in the 1960s". Examine.

"తెలంగాణ యొక్క ఆర్థిక అవసరాలు, ముఖ్యంగా వ్యవసాయం, నీటి పారుదల మరియు విద్యుత్ రంగాలు 1960 లలో చాలా వివక్షతకు గురియైనవి". పరిశీలించుము.

G/ET



2

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

- 4. Discuss the exploitation of water resources of Telangana from 1956 to 1969, with a focus on the differential treatment between Andhra and Telangana in terms of irrigation infrastructure and agricultural development.**

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about the exploitation of water resources in Telangana post-1956



- In the body, write the exploitation of water resources of Telangana from 1956 to 1969 due to the differential treatment between Andhra and Telangana and overall impact on agricultural development in Telangana
- Conclude by briefly mentioning the significance these violations and its influence on Telangana movement.

3. Discuss the principles established for the allocation of income and expenditure between Andhra and Telangana regions under the Gentlemen's Agreement. How effectively were these principles implemented during 1956-69?

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about the Gentlemen's agreement of 1956 and its main objective.
- In the body, write the principles established for the allocation of income and expenditure between Andhra and Telangana regions under the Gentlemen's Agreement. Also mention the effectiveness of implementation of these principles during 1956-69



- Conclude by summarizing the impact of violations made to these principles

Direct Question:

5.

a.

TGPSC Question:

5. (A) Discuss the role of students and employees in the origin of Telangana movement in 1969.
- 1969, తెలంగాణ ఉద్యమం ఆవిర్భావంలో విద్యార్థులు మరియు ఉద్యోగస్తుల పాత్రను చర్చించుము.

OR/లేదా

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

2. **Discuss the role played by intellectuals, students, and employees in the Jai Telangana Movement. How did their collective actions contribute to the momentum of the movement and influence public opinion?**

3. **Evaluate the discontent among teachers and students in Telangana. How did these grievances contribute to the 1969 movement?**

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about the discontent among teachers and students in Telangana

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- In the body, write the factors that led to the dissatisfaction among teachers and students, including issues related to job allocation, university autonomy, and the imposition of Andhra cultural norms.
- Conclude by summarizing the impact of this discontent on the raise of Telangana movement

2. **Discuss the role of student movements in the 1969 Telangana agitation with a special emphasis on Annabathula Ravindranath's hunger strike. How did the involvement of students shape the demands for a separate Telangana state?**

Approach to write the Answer:

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- In introduction, briefly talk about the students role in the 1969 agitation
- In the body, talk about the role of student movements in the 1969 Telangana agitation while mentioning the impact of Annabathula Ravindranath's hunger strike. Also write how the involvement of students shaped the demands for a separate Telangana state
- Conclude the answer by summarizing contributions made by the students towards the 1969 agitation

Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

5. (B) "The All Party Accord of 1969 reassured the promises of the people of Telangana through its provisions". Analyse.

"1969 ఆఖిల పక్ష ఒప్పందం తన నిబంధనల ద్వారా తెలంగాణ ప్రజలకిచ్చిన వాగ్దానాలను పునరుద్ఘాటించింది". విశ్లేషించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

3. Discuss the significance of the All-Party Agreement of January 19, 1969, in addressing employment and surplus funds issues of Telangana. How effective was the G.O.No. 36 in resolving the tensions between the regions?

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about the All-Party Agreement of January 19, 1969
- In the body, write the significance of the All-Party Agreement of January 19, 1969, in addressing employment and surplus funds issues of Telangana, Mention effectiveness of the G.O.No. 36 in resolving the tensions between the regions
- Conclude by mentioning the significance of All-Party Agreement and G.O.No. 36

Direct Question:

6.

TGPSC Question:

□ 2 of 4

SECTION - II/విభాగం - II

6. "The Six Point Formula imposed by the Government of India in 1973 satisfied neither Andhra nor Telangana." Comment.

"1973 లో భారత ప్రభుత్వం విధించిన ఆరు స్వాతంత్ర్య పథకం అటు ఆంధ్రను, ఇటు తెలంగాణను సంతృప్తి పరచలేదు". వ్యాఖ్యానించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

7. Analyse the Six-Point Formula of 1973 and Article 371-D in the context of Telangana's demands for political and economic safeguards. Did the Six-Point Formula and Article 371-D effectively address Telangana's political and economic concerns?

Answer

Introduction:

The Six-Point Formula of 1973 and Article 371-D were introduced to address regional unrest in Andhra Pradesh after the Telangana and Jai Andhra movements. These measures aimed to provide political and economic safeguards for both regions, but



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Direct Question:

7.

TGPSC Question:

7. "The rise and spread of Naxalite Movement in Telangana led to the anti-landlord struggles". Discuss.

"తెలంగాణలో నక్సలైట్ ఉద్యమ అవిర్భావం మరియు వ్యాప్తి భూస్వామ్య వ్యతిరేక పోరాటాలకు దారి తీసింది". చర్చించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

6. Discuss the socio-political implications of the rise of the Naxalite movement in Telangana during the 1970s and 1980s. How did the



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intersection of class struggle and regional aspirations shape the trajectory of the Telangana movement?

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1. Analyze the impact of student involvement on the Naxalite movement in Telangana.

What were the key factors that led students to align with the revolutionary cause?

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about Naxalite movement in Telangana and students involvement
- In the body, write the impact of student involvement on the Naxalite movement in Telangana. Also mention key factors that led students to align with the revolutionary cause.
- Conclude by talking about the impact of student's involvement in the Naxalite movement

Direct Question:

8.

a.

TGPSC Question:

8. (A) Discuss the nature and purpose of Special Provisions made under Article 371D of the Indian Constitution in the context of Presidential Order.

భారత రాజ్యాంగంలోని ఆర్టికల్ 371D క్రింద చేసిన ప్రత్యేక నిబంధనల స్వభావము మరియు ఉద్దేశ్యాలను రాష్ట్రపతి ఉత్తర్వుల దృష్ట్యా చర్చించండి.

OR/లేదా

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

2. Discuss the role of the Presidential Order of 1975 issued under Article 371(D) of the Indian Constitution, in organizing local cadres and determining local areas for public employment in Andhra Pradesh.

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about Presidential Order of 1975
- In the body, talk about role of the Presidential Order of 1975 issued under Article 371(D) of the Indian Constitution, in organizing local cadres and determining local areas for public employment in Andhra Pradesh
- Conclude the answer by evaluating the success of Presidential Order of 1975 in resolving the local reservation issues in Telangana region

Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

8. (B) "Among the many issues, belittling the Telangana dialect and culture in the popular movies and electronic media was a strong factor that hurt the sentiments and self respect of the Telangana people". Comment.

“జనాదరణ పొందిన సినిమాలు మరియు ఎలక్ట్రానిక్ మాధ్యమాలలో తెలంగాణ మాండలికాన్ని మరియు సంస్కృతిని కించపరచడం ప్రజల మనోభావాలు మరియు ఆత్మగౌరవాన్ని గాయ పరచడం, ఇతర అంశాలతో పాటు ఒక బలమైన కారణం”, వ్యాఖ్యానించుము.

G/ET

Q

3

P.T.O.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

3. Evaluate the implications of language and cultural discrimination on Telangana's

social dynamics during the unified Andhra Pradesh state. How did the portrayal of

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Telangana's language and culture in media and education contribute to regional disparities?

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about the linguistic and cultural discrimination faced by the Telangana people
- In the body, write the evaluation of the implications of language and cultural discrimination on Telangana's social dynamics and also mention how the portrayal of Telangana's language and culture in media and education contributed to regional disparities
- Conclude by briefly mentioning the impact of these discriminations on the broader political course of the Telangana struggle

Direct Question:

9.

a.

TGPSC Question:

9. (A) Examine, how by 1990s the regional disparities and imbalances in the State became clear in matters of political power, administration, education and employment.

1990ల నాటికి రాష్ట్రంలో ప్రాంతీయ అసమానతలు మరియు అసమతుల్యతలు రాజకీయ అభివృద్ధి, ముద్రాణం, విద్య మరియు ఉపాధి రంగాలలో ఏ విధంగా స్పష్టమైనవిగా పరిశీలించబడాయి.

OR/లేదా

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes



1. Evaluate the impact of the economic reforms on regional disparities within Andhra Pradesh, with a particular focus on the differential effects experienced by Andhra and Telangana regions. What were the key factors contributing to these disparities?

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about economic reforms introduced in Andhra Pradesh during the 1990s
- In the body, write the impact of these economic reforms on regional disparities and also key factors contributing to disparities
- Conclude by talking about the significance of these reforms in changing the economic and political discourse in the state

Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

9. (B) "The investments in Real Estate, Corporate Educational Institutions and Hospitals during 1980's in Telangana was dominated by Andhra millionaires to the detriment of the locals". Examine.

"1980 దశకంలో తెలంగాణలో స్థిరాస్తి రంగం, కార్పొరేట్ విద్యా సంస్థలు మరియు వైద్యశాలలో ఆంధ్ర లక్షాధికారుల పెట్టుబడుల అధిపత్యము స్థానికులకు హాని గలిగించింది". పరిశీలించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

4. Evaluate the role of the Andhra Pradesh government's policies in shaping

Hyderabad's urban development and real estate market.

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Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about the policies of the Andhra Pradesh government that influenced the Hyderabad's development
- In the body, talk about the role of Andhra Pradesh government in shaping Hyderabad's urban development and real estate market and also impact on local communities and land use
- Conclude by briefly mentioning the significance of these policies in strengthening the cause of separate statehood of Telangana

Direct Question:

10.

a.

TGPSC Question:

10. (A) "By 1990s there was perceptible decline in the areas of agriculture and irrigation in Telangana". Discuss.

1990 నాటికి తెలంగాణలో వ్యవసాయము మరియు నీటి పారుదల రంగాలలో గణనీయమైన తరుగుదల కనిపిస్తుంది. చర్చించుము.

OR/లేదా

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4. Discuss the impact of the economic reforms of 1990's on Telangana's rural and agriculture sectors. How did the reforms contribute to the increase in farmer suicides in the region?

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about G.O. 610 issued by the N.T. Rama Rao government in 1985
- In the body, write the key provisions of G.O. 610 issued by the N.T. Rama Rao government in 1985, and mention the role each provision in addressing the issue of non-local appointments in the Telangana region
- Conclude by mentioning the significance of G.O. 610 in addressing the issue of non-local appointments in the Telangana

Introduction:

The economic reforms initiated in Andhra Pradesh under the Andhra Pradesh Economic Restructuring Project (APERP) in 1998, supported by a loan from the World Bank, had a significant impact on the rural sector and agriculture in Telangana. These reforms, aimed

Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

10. (B) Discuss the efforts of Intellectual and Political groups in search of Telangana identity.

తెలంగాణ గుర్తింపు (identity) అన్వేషణలో మేధావులు మరియు రాజకీయ బృందాల ప్రయత్నాలను చర్చించండి.

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- b. Analyze the role of intellectual debates and cultural revivalism in redefining Telangana's identity during the mobilization phase. How did the cultural reassertion challenge the dominant Telugu identity propagated by the Andhra elite?

Partial Question:

- Political Groups not covered.

11.

TGPSC Question:

SECTION - III/విభాగం - III

11. "The dynamics of cultural revivalism in Telangana after 1990 found expression in the demand for separate statehood". Comment.

"ప్రత్యేక రాష్ట్రత్వం కోరిక (demand) లో, 1990 తర్వాత తెలంగాణలో కొనసాగిన సాంస్కృతిక పునరుజ్జీవన చైతన్యానికి భావం ఏర్పడింది". వ్యాఖ్యానించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

15.

- a. Analyse the importance of cultural revivalism, literary expressions and arts of Telangana. How did they galvanize public support for Telangana's statehood?

Answer

Introduction:

Cultural revivalism, literary expressions, and the arts played a crucial role in rallying support for the Telangana statehood movement. By emphasizing the region's distinct heritage and history, these cultural elements fostered a strong sense of identity

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Direct Question:

12.

TGPSC Question:

12. "Was the appointment of Sri Krishna Committee a meaningful exercise or a mere ploy to buy time" ? Comment in the light of its recommendations.

"శ్రీ కృష్ణ కమిటీని నియమించడం ఒక అర్థవంతమైన సాధన లేక సమయాన్ని వృథా చేయడానికి చేసిన కేవలం ఒక ఉపాయము మాత్రమా" ? దాని సిఫారసుల నేపథ్యంలో దీనిపై వ్యాఖ్యానించుము.

G/ET

Q

4

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(OR)

B. Discuss the recommendations of Sri Krishna Committee and its impact on the Telangana movement.

ANSWER:

INTRODUCTION:

The Sri Krishna Committee - Committee for Consultations on the Situation in Andhra

Direct Question:

13.

a.

TGPSC Question:

13. (A) Critically assess the role of the main civil society organisations in Telangana in 1990s in articulating the cause of separate statehood.

1990లలో తెలంగాణ ప్రత్యేక రాష్ట్రత్వానికి దోహదపడిన ప్రధాన పౌర సమాజ సంస్థల పాత్రను విమర్శనాత్మకంగా అంచనా వేయుము.

OR/లేదా

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

b. Critically examine the role of civil society organizations in shaping the discourse of Telangana statehood from 1991 onwards. How did



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these organizations articulate the issues of regional inequality and cultural identity?

Direct Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

13. (B) "The Girglani Committee appointed to study the issues of employees laid bare the large scale discrimination against Telangana". Comment.

—
“ఉద్యోగుల సమస్యలను అధ్యయనం చేయడానికి నియమించబడిన గిర్గాని కమిటీ తెలంగాణకు పెద్ద ఎత్తున జరిగిన విరక్షను బట్టబయలు చేసింది”. వ్యాఖ్యానించుము.

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

4. Discuss the various methods identified by the Girglani Commission through which the Presidential Orders of 1975 were violated in Telangana. How did these violations affect local reservations in public employment?

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about Girglani Commission and its findings
- In the body, list out the methods identified by the Girglani Commission through which the Presidential Orders of 1975 were violated in Telangana and also write the impact of these violations on local reservations in the region
- Conclude by briefly mentioning the significance of this committee in local reservations in Telangana

Direct Question:

14.

a.

TGPSC Question:

14. (A) "The attempts to declare Hyderabad as 'Free Zone', evoked unprecedented agitations all over Telangana". Elucidate.

"హైదరాబాదును 'ఫ్రీ జోన్' గా ప్రకటించడానికి ప్రయత్నాలతో తెలంగాణ అంతటా అంతటి భార్యలను ఎదుర్కొనడం లేని విధంగా అందోళనలు జరిగినాయి". వివరించండి.

OR/లేదా

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

Not Reflects:

b.

TGPSC Question:

14. (B) Discuss the role of major political parties in the movement for separate Telangana State.
- ప్రధాన తెలంగాణ రాష్ట్ర ఉద్యమంలో ప్రధాన రాజకీయ పార్టీల పాత్రను వివరించండి.

OR/లేదా

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

12. Discuss the role of political parties in the Telangana movement. How did their changing stances impact the momentum and eventual success of the movement?

ANSWER:

INTRODUCTION:

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13. a. Examine the role of major political parties like TRS, Congress, BJP, TDP, and Left in supporting or opposing the Telangana statehood movement.

Direct Question:

15.

a.

TGPSC Question:

15. (A) Elucidate how the popular forms of protest like Million March, Sakala Janula Samme and others broadened the social base of the movement for separate state.

మిలియన్ మార్చ్, సకల జనుల సమ్మె మున్నగు ప్రజా ఆందోళనలు ఏ విధంగా ప్రత్యేక రాష్ట్ర ఉద్యమం యొక్క పరిధిని విస్తృత పరచిందో వివరించుము.

OR/లేదా

Questions from our TGPSC Group 1 Classroom coaching, Mains Strategic Revision and Test Series Programmes

4. Evaluate the significance of the "Sakala Janula Samme" in the Telangana movement. Discuss the key events, participation of various societal groups, and the government's response to the strike. How did the outcomes of this strike influence the central government's approach towards the Telangana issue?

Approach to write the Answer:

- In introduction, briefly talk about "Sakala Janula Samme" in the Telangana movement
- In the body, write about the Significance of the "Sakala Janula Samme", the key events, participation of various societal groups, and the government's response to the strike. And also mention the outcomes of this strike that influenced the central government.
- Conclude by mentioning the significance of this event on the last phase of Telangana movement

Partial Question:

b.

TGPSC Question:

OR/లేదా

15. (B) "2009, December 9th Statement of the then Union Home Minister, Government of India on Telangana was a watershed event making the process of granting of statehood for Telangana as IRREVERSIBLE"- Discuss.

"భారత ప్రభుత్వానికి చెందిన అప్పటి కేంద్ర హోం మంత్రి తెలంగాణపై, 2009 డిసెంబరు 9న చేసిన ప్రకటన, ప్రత్యేక తెలంగాణ రాష్ట్ర ఏర్పాటు ప్రక్రియను తిరోగమనం లేని (IRREVERSIBLE) కీలక సంఘటనగా మలిచింది." చర్చించుము.

- o O o -

Q/ET

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P.T.O.

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